

# REPAIR MANUAL



KART ED. 04/2024

125 MICRO MAX EVO

PART NO. 298061

ROTAX-KART.COM



# Chapter: INTRO GENERAL INFORMATION

Preface Before carrying out repair work on the engine, read the Repair Manual carefully. If any

passages of the Manual are not clearly understood or if you have questions, please contact an authorized Distribution or Service Center for ROTAX®-kart engines.

**Contents** This Repair Manual contains instructions for all the necessary repair and maintenance

work on the ROTAX®-Engine Type 125 MAX evo, 125 Junior MAX evo, 125 Mini MAX

evo and 125 Micro MAX evo.

**Symbols used** This Manual uses the following symbols to emphasize particular information. This

information is important and must be observed.

### **△ WARNING**

Identifies an instruction, which if not followed may cause injury or endanger the life of the driver, mechanic or third party.

#### NOTICE

Denotes an instruction which if not followed may severely damage the engine.

Noncompliance might lead to health hazards under certain conditions.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE**

Environmental notes give you tips on environmental protection.

### NOTE

Indicates supplementary information which may be needed to fully complete or understand an instruction.

Denotes a checking operation

**TIP** This information gives you additional advice and tips

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# Chapter: Chapter 1 GENERAL NOTE

### **TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER**

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**Purpose** This Repair Manual is based on information and the state-of-knowledge of BRP-Rotax of

the product current at the date of issue.

**Documentation** For additional information on engines, maintenance or parts, you can also contact your

nearest authorized ROTAX®-Engine distributor.

ROTAX® distributors

ROTAX® Authorized Distributors for Kart Engines. See on web at the official Homepage http://www.rotax-kart.com.

Engine serial number

If you have any concerns or questions, always keep your engine serial number ready for questions from your dealer, as the manufacturer makes modifications to the engine for product improvement. The engine number is stamped on the clutch side housing half. See Figure 1.

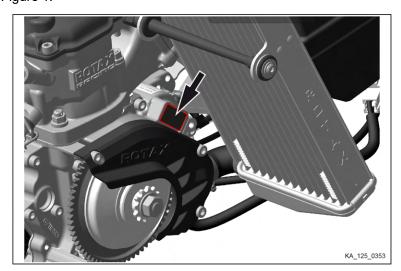


Figure 1.1: Position of the engine serial number

## ABBREVIATIONS AND TERMS USED IN THIS MANUAL

### **Abbreviations**

Abbreviations	Description
°C	Degree Celsius (Centigrade)
°F	Degree Fahrenheit
rpm	Revolutions per minute
125 MAX evo	see Manual (Type designation)
125 Junior MAX evo	see Manual (Type designation)
125 Mini MAX evo	see Manual (Type designation)
125 Micro MAX evo	see Manual (Type designation)
INTRO	Introduction
IPC	Illustrated Parts Catalog
h	hours
ОМ	Operators Manual
kg	kilograms
MON	Motor Octane Number
n.a.	not available
Nm	Newton meter
Rev.	Revision
RON	Research Octane Number
RM	Repair Manual
S/N	Serial Number
SI	Service Instruction
SL	Service Letter
part no.	Part number
V	Volt

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## SAFETY

General note Although the reading of such information does not eliminate the hazard, the understanding

> the information will promote its correct use. Always take care by conducting manual work and use safety equipment. The information and components-/system descriptions contained in this Manual are correct at the time of publication. BRP-Rotax, however, maintains a policy of continuous improvement of its products without imposing upon itself any

obligation to install them on its products previously manufactured.

Revision BRP-Rotax reserves the right at any time, and without incurring obligation, to remove, re-

place or discontinue any design, specification, feature or other details.

**Specifications** Specifications are given in the SI metric system with the USA equivalent in parenthesis.

### **SAFETY NOTICE**

### General note

#### **⚠ WARNING**

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death! Comply with the safety advice of the engine and kart manufacturer.

This information relates to the preparation and use of ROTAX® Kart engines and has been utilized safely and effectively by BRP-Rotax. However, BRP-Rotax disclaims liability for all damage and/or injuries resulting from the improper use of the contents. BRP-Rotax strongly recommend that any service be carried out and/or verified by a highly skilled professional mechanic.

Manual This Manual has been prepared as a guide to correctly service and maintain all ROTAX®

Kart engines.

This Manual uses technical terms which may be slightly different from the ones used in

the Illustrated Parts Catalog.

It is understood that this Manual may be translated into another language. In the event of

any discrepancy the English version prevails.

Warning It is your responsibility to be completely familiar with the safety instructions including warn-

ings and cautions described in this Manual. These warnings and cautions advise of specific operating and servicing methods that, if not observed, can cause a serious engine malfunction or cause the engine to lose power which can result in serious injury, damage

to equipment or even to death.

It is, however, important to understand that these warnings and cautions are carefully checked. BRP-Rotax can not evaluate and advise the user of all conceivable ways in which service might be done or of the possible hazardous consequences that may occur.

Safety instruction In addition to observing the instructions in our Manual, general safety and accident preventative measures, legal regulations and regulations of any superior authority must be

observed.

Where differences exist between this Manual and regulations provided by any authority,

the more stringent regulation should be applied.

Illustration The content depicts parts and/or procedures applicable to the particular product at its time

of manufacture. It does not include dealer modifications, whether authorized or not by

BRP-Rotax, after manufacturing the product.

Locking devices Locking devices (e.g. locking tab, self-locking fasteners, etc.) must be installed or replaced

with new ones, where specified. If the efficiency of a locking device is impaired, it must be

replaced.

Torque wrench tightening

Torque wrench tightening specifications must be strictly adhered to.

NOTE

If not specified otherwise, the threads are not lubricated when fastened.

INSTRUCTION

**General note** Engines require instructions regarding their application, use, operation, maintenance and

repair.

Technical documentation and directions are useful and necessary complementary elements for personal instructions, but can by no means substitute theoretical and practical

instructions.

These instructions should cover explanation of the technical context, advice for operation,

maintenance, use and operational safety of the engine.

Safety notice In this technical Manual passages concerning safety are especially marked. Pass on

safety warnings to other users!

**Modifications** Non-approved modifications to the engine and associated components likewise releases

BRP-Rotax from its warranty obligations.

**Accessories** This engine must only be operated with accessories supplied, recommended and re-

leased by BRP-Rotax. Modifications are only allowed after the exceptional advice or ap-

proval by the engine manufacturer.

Spare parts

**NOTICE** 

Spare parts must comply with the requirements defined by the engine manufacturer. This is only warranted by use of GENUINE spare parts and/or accessories (see IPC) or suitable equivalent in the manufacturer sopinion. Otherwise, any limited warranty by BRP-Rotax is null and void (see latest Warranty Conditions). Spare parts are available at the authorized Distribution- and Service Center. Any warranty by BRP-Rotax becomes null and void if spare parts and or accessories other than GENUINE spare parts

and/or accessories are used (see latest Warranty Conditions).

**Tools** 

**NOTICE** 

Use only tools and appliances which are either cited in this Manual or in the Illustrated Parts Catalog of the relevant engine type for exceptional repair work.

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### **Engine**

A fundamental requirement is that on removal of the engine for repair or maintenance purposes it should be secured on the Special Tools part no. 877930 (Trestle support) and part no. 676052 (Trestle adapter) available at your authorized Distributor or Service center for ROTAX® Kart Engines.

### **TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION**

General note

The information contained is based on data and experience that are considered applicable

for skilled mechanics under normal conditions.

Due to the fast technical progress and fulfillment of particular specifications of the customers it may occur that existing laws, safety prescriptions, constructional and operational regulations cannot be transferred completely to the object bought, in particular for special

constructions, or may not be sufficient.

**Status** The current edition of the Manual is shown at the bottom of the pages or on the front

Reference Any reference to a document refers to the latest edition issued by BRP-Rotax, if not stated

otherwise.

Illustrations The illustrations in this Manual are sketches and show a typical arrangement. They may

not represent in full detail or the exact shape of the parts which have the same or similar function. Therefore deduction of dimensions or other details from illustrations is not permit-

ted as the scale may not be 1:1.

**NOTE** 

The Illustrations and Documents in this Manual are stored in a database and are provided with a consecutive number.

This number (e.g. KA\_125MAX\_001) is of no significance for the content.

### **USE FOR INTENDED PURPOSE**

### Safety note

### **⚠ WARNING**

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Use

The ROTAX Engine Type 125 MAX has been designed and developed exclusively for use in a Kart. Any other use renders the BRP-Rotax factory limited warranty null and void.

Maintenance and repair conditions Use for intended purpose also includes observation of the operational, maintenance and repair conditions prescribed by the manufacturer. This is a crucial factor concerning the reliability of the engine and can increase the durability of the engine.

Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

## **TECHNICAL DATA**

Engine Type	125 MAX evo / 125 Junior MAX evo / 125 Mini MAX evo / 125 Micro MAX evo
Bore/stroke	54.00 mm / 54.5 mm
Displacement	125.0 ccm
Nominal power (max.) 125 MAX evo 125 Junior MAX evo 125 Mini MAX evo 125 Micro MAX evo	22 kW at 11500 rpm 17 kW at 8500 rpm 9.6 kW at 7500 rpm 7kW at 7000 rpm
Torque (max.) 125 MAX evo 125 Junior MAX evo 125 Mini MAX evo 125 Micro MAX evo	21 Nm at 9000 rpm 19 Nm at 8500 rpm 13 Nm at 6000 rpm 10.9 Nm at 6000 rpm
Idle speed	between 1500 and 2000 rpm
Ignition unit	Contactless, (variable) digital coil ignition
Spark plug	NGK GR8DI (standard) and GR9DI (optional)
Electrode gap	Refer to the valid technical regulations you are participating in.
Fuel	Super, unleaded fuel
RON (min.)	Min. 95 Octane
Cooling	Liquid cooling: Cooling circuit with coolant pump integrated in the engine
Flow rate of the coolant pump	approx. 22 liters at 11000 rpm
Coolant mixture	100 % Water (distilled). Drain water after operation in cold condition to prevent freezing.
Coolant capacity Micro / Mini radiator	0.7 liter
Coolant capacity Mini / Junior / Senior	0.5 liter
Engine lubrication	Oil-in-gasoline lubrication, synthetic 2 Stroke oil (RO- TAX XPS KART-TEC Oil part no. 29460 and ROTAX SYNMAX Oil recommended).
Mixture ratio	1:50 (2 % oil)
Lubrication of the differential drive	SAE Engine oil 15W-40

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Engine Type	125 MAX evo / 125 Junior MAX evo / 125 Mini MAX evo / 125 Micro MAX evo	
Engine oil capacity	50 ml (for plastic balance gears) / 100 ml (for steel balance gears)	
Engagement speed	approx. 4000 rpm	
Power transmission from centrifugal clutch to the rear axle of the kart	roller chain	
Chain dimension	7.75 x 4.6 x 4.5	
Number of teeth of the drive sprocket	11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 teeth	
Weight /dry	approx 12 kg without intake silencer, carburetor, fuel pump, radia- tor, exhaust and battery	

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# Chapter: Chapter 2 MAINTENANCE

## **TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER**

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Contents	The information given in the Repair Manual is based on data and experience which are considered to be applicable for a skilled mechanic under normal working conditions.
Table of contents	In this chapter the repair of engine ROTAX® 125 MAX evo (incl. Junior-, Mini-, Micro MAX evo) is described. Some overlapping maintenance instructions are treated as generally valid information at the beginning of this section.

## **GENERAL NOTE**

### Safety notice

### **△ WARNING**

### Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Besides our instructions in the documentation supplied, also respect the generally valid safety and accident preventive directives and legal regulations.

Procedures and limits

The procedures and limits in this Manual constitute the manufacturers official recommendation for engine maintenance and operation

Instruction

The guidelines given in the Repair Manual are useful and necessary supplements to training. They, however, cannot substitute competent theoretical and practical personal

instruction.

**Modifications** 

Non-authorized modifications as well as the use of components and auxiliary components not corresponding to the installation instructions exclude any liability of the engine manufacturer

Parts and accessories

We particularly emphasize that parts and accessories not supplied as genuine BRP-Rotax parts are not verified for suitability by BRP-Rotax and thus are not authorized for use. Installation and/or use of such products may possibly change or negatively influence the constructive characteristics of the engine. For damages resulting from use of non-genuine parts and accessories manufacturer refuses any liability

Special tools

Maintenance of engines and systems requires special knowledge and special tools. Use only the special tools recommended by BRP-Rotax when disassembling and assembling the engine.

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## **AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL**

#### **General note**

It is a requirement that all organizations or individuals have the required special tooling available and the necessary, training or experience to perform all tasks outlined.

# Type-specific training

Any task outlined herein may be performed if the organization or individual has met the following conditions:

### Requisite knowledge

• Experience in performing the task **and** knowledge of ROTAX® Installation/Operators Manual and Repair Manual

### Including:

- Suitable work environment to prevent contamination or damage to engine parts or modules.
- · Appropriate tools and fixtures as outlined in the ROTAX® Repair Manual.
- · Reasonable maintenance practices are utilized.

### Information

Maintenance organizations and individuals are encouraged to contact BRP-Rotax through its worldwide distribution network for information and guidance on any of the tasks outlined herein.

## **PROCESS ADVICE**

### Safety note

### **△ WARNING**

### Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

When carrying out maintenance and service work, respect without fail the safety regulations.

### Ignition "OFF"

### **△ WARNING**

### Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

This precautionary measure serves to avoid any injuries in case of an unintentional start of the engine. Principally ensure the following at each maintenance event:1.) Ignition "**OFF**" and system grounded, 2) Disconnect battery and secure engine against unintentional operation.

### Handling of fluids

### **⚠ WARNING**

### Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Non-compliance with this instruction may cause severe burns or scalding! Hot engine parts! Always allow the engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting work.

At maintenance of cooling-, lubricating and fuel system take care without that no contamination, metal chips, foreign material and/or dirt enters the system.

### Disassembly

At disassembly of the engine, mark the components as necessary to avoid any mix-up. Take care of these marks, do not ruin them.

### Tool

### **NOTICE**

### Avoid mechanical damages.

Never loosen or tighten screws and nuts with pliers but only with the specified tools.

### Safety wiring

### **NOTICE**

If during diassembling/reassembling the removal of a safety item (e.g. safety wiring, self-locking fastener, etc.) should be necessary, it must be always replaced by a new one.

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### Cleaning of parts

### **NOTICE**

### Use suitable agents and materials.

All metal and synthetic parts are generally washed with suitable cleaning agents. Before using new and unknown cleaning agents check the compatibility of materials.

**Removed parts** Before re-using disassembled parts, clean, check and refit them as per instructions.

Use clean screws and nuts only and inspect face of nuts and thread for damage. Check the contact faces and threads for damages. In case of doubt, use new screws and nuts

**Measurements** When making low tolerance measurements (s<0.1 mm) and in measuring bearing and

housing components, the temperature of the components and their surroundings must be

in the range 20 °C - 25 °C (68 °F – 77 °F). Only used certified measuring tools!

**Nuts** Once loosened, **always** replace self-securing nuts!

Sealing rings, O- At reass

rings

At reassembly of the engine, replace all sealing rings, gaskets, securing elements, O-rings

and oil seals.

**Re-assembly** Before re-assembly check components whether parts are missing. Only use adhesives,

lubricants, cleaning agents and solvents indicated in the maintenance instructions. If not

respected, damage may be the consequence and no warranty claim.

## **CONSUMABLE MATERIALS**

#### **General** note

### **NOTICE**

Use only the specified or technically equivalent materials from BRP-Rotax for all maintenance work.

When handling chemicals, comply with all the customary regulations and specifications of the producer, including the expiry date and instruction.

### **NOTE**

If necessary contact the manufacturer concerning the comparability of the consumable materials. In some cases information can be obtained from the local authorized distributors and service partners for ROTAX engines.

### **NOTE**

Respect the manufacturers instruction concerning the curing time and the expire date of the particular surface sealing compound.

The materials specified have been tested for a long time and are suitable for all operating conditions indicated by the manufacturer.

No.	Part no.	Description, Application	Qty.
1	897651	LOCTITE 243 blue, medium-duty screw securing agent	10 ml (0.003 US gal.)
2	899788	LOCTITE 648 geen, high strength screw securing agent	5 ml (0.001 US gal.)
3	297434	LOCTITE Anti-Seize 15378, for the prevention of fretting corrosion	50 g (0.11 lb)
4	897161	MOLYKOTE 111, for the prevention of fretting corrosion	100 g (0.22 lb)
5	897330	Lithium-based grease or Dow Corning to prevent leakage current	250 g (0.55 lb)
6	25473	XPS Kart TEC Kart Gear oil Lubricant	1000 ml (0.26 US gal)
7	898364	Klueber Isoflex Topas Nb52 Lubricating grease	400 g (0.88 lb)

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No.	Part no.	Description, Application	Qty.
8	296160	Engine gasket set	1
_	n.a.	Cleaning agents	as required

### **NOTICE**

# Use only approved cleaning agents (e.g. kerosine, varsol, etc.) for cleaning all metal parts.

Do not use lye-based cold cleaner or degreasing agents. Do not clean coolant or oil hoses with aggressive solutions. Clean off sealing compound residue with sealant remover. Soak combustion chamber, piston and cylinder head with cleaning agent and remove combustion residues with a bronze brush. Very good results have been achieved with "Clenvex 2000". It is a solvent-cold cleaner, free of halogen, on the basis of selected fuel fractions with tensides and is biologically disposable. Never use caustic or corrosive cleaning.

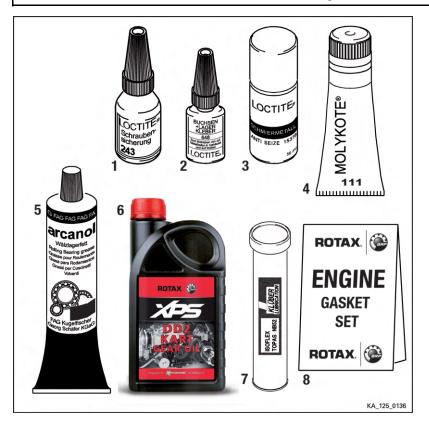


Figure 2.1

## **SPECIAL TOOLS**

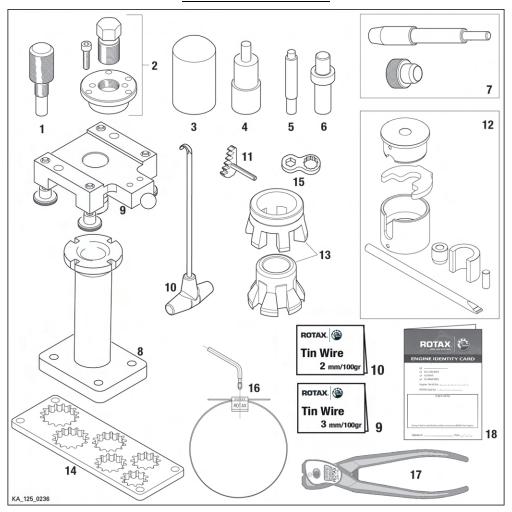


Figure 2.2

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No.	Part no.	Description
1	277381	Fixation tool for crankshaft
2	276016	Puller assy.
3	676010	Insertion sleeve
4	676021	Insertion jig (oil seal water pump)
5	676030	Insertion jig (E-Starter needle bushing)
6	676040	Insertion tool
7	676035	Insertion tool (piston pin circlip)
8	877930	Trestle support
9	580132	Tin wire 3 mm 100 GR
10	580130	Tin wire 2 mm 100 GR
11	676205	Fixation tool assy. MAX
12	276051	Crankshaft repair jig
13	276070	Assembly tool bellow spring exhaust v.
14	277364	Fixation, Tool for sprocket
15	676110	Wrench adapter 11/8
16	297041	ROTAX SEAL with bar code For authorised distributors only.
17	276110	ROTAX SEAL CALLIPER For authorised distributors only.
18	297240	ENGINE IDENTITY CARD

# INSPECTION AND SERVICING INTERVALS OF THE ENGINE COMPONENTS

### Safety note

### **⚠ WARNING**

Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

All repair and maintenance work must only be carried out by a qualified technician.

Points of inspection	Interval Operating hours	Chapter Reference
Inspection, remedial action	as indicated	
1)	General	
Inspect spark plug, replace if necessary	Inspect before every operation of vehicle	
Replace spark plug.	Every 25 hours of operation	
2) Co	oling system	
Check coolant level.	Inspect before every operation of vehicle	
Inspect water pump for sealing, in the event of egress of oil or coolant from the overflow orifice, have the pump repaired by an authorised service center.	Inspect before every operation of vehicle	
Inspect the cooling water connections on the cooler housing and cylinder head cover for tightness and sealing.	Inspect before every operation of vehicle	
Inspect the radiator hoses and hose clamps on the engine and radiator for tightness and sealing.	Inspect before every operation of vehicle	
3) Carbureto	r and intake silence	er
Inspect the carburetor connections to the engine and to the intake silencer for tightness.	Immediately after every collision	
Clean the filter element in the intake silencer and lubricate with air filter oil, replace damaged filter element.	Every 10 hours (depending on the conditions of use)	

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Points of inspection	Interval Operating	Chapter Reference
	hours	
Inspection, remedial action	as indicated	
4) F	uel system	
Inspect fuel filter for dirt, replace if required.	Inspect before every operation of vehicle	
Inspect fuel screen from the carburetor.	Every 10 hours of operation	
5) Ext	naust system	
Inspect exhaust system for sealing and tightness, lubricate with oil to prevent corrosion.	Inspect before every operation of vehicle	
Replace the silencer matting in the exhaust system.	Every 10 hours of operation	
6) Oı	utlet control	
Clean the exhaust valve and check for free movement.	Every 10 hours of operation	
7)	Gearbox	
Check the oil level, top up if necessary.	Every 2 hours of operation	
Renew gear oil.	Every 5 hours of operation	
8) S	tarter drive	
Inspect for wear, replace if necessary.	Every 50 hours of operation (de- pending on the conditions of use)	
9) Clutch		
Inspect clutch drum needle bearing for wear, replace if necessary.	Every 10 hours of operation	
Clean the sealing groove in the starter gear assy.	Every 10 hours of operation	
10) Eng	ine inspection	
Engine inspection by authorized service center, replace defective parts.	Every 50 hours of operation	

**NOTES** 

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# Chapter: Chapter 3 ENGINE

### **TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER**

System description	2
Preparation for removal	
Removal of the ignition system	
Removal of the exhaust system	
Removal of radiator with cap assy	
Removal of the fuel line	
Removal of the Bowden cable	8
Removal of the engine from kart chassis	8
Positioning the engine on the trestle mounting plate	9

### **Contents**

This chapter describes the disassembly and assembly of the ROTAX® 125 MAX evo (incl. Junior-, Mini-, Micro MAX evo) engine.

## **SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

### Overview

## Engine

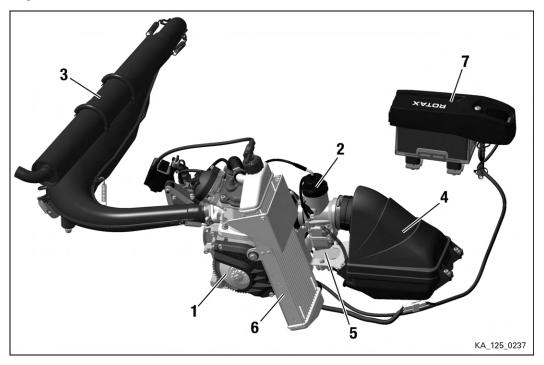


Figure 3.1: Engine components

- 1 Engine
- 3 Exhaust system
- 5 Fuel pump
- 7 Battery mounting + ECU

- 2 Carburetor
- 4 Intake silencer
- 6 Radiator

## PREPARATION FOR REMOVAL

# Safety instructions

### **△ WARNING**

### Danger of severe burns and scalds!

Always allow the engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting any work.

### REMOVAL OF THE IGNITION SYSTEM

# Safety instructions

### **△ WARNING**

## Risk of electric shock!

Ignition "OFF" and system grounded! Disconnect negative terminal of battery.

### **NOTE**

When disconnecting the battery be sure to always disconnect the negative terminal before the positive terminal. Remember that when the engine is running the ignition system has a high voltage of 35 kV; the spark plug therefore must not be removed with the engine running.

### Instruction

Proceed as follows to disconnect battery. See Figure: Battery.

- 1. Remove the Allen screw with rounded flange head M6x20 (3) with O-ring 5x2 (2).
- 2. Remove the battery cover (1).
- 3. Disconnect the negative battery terminal (5).

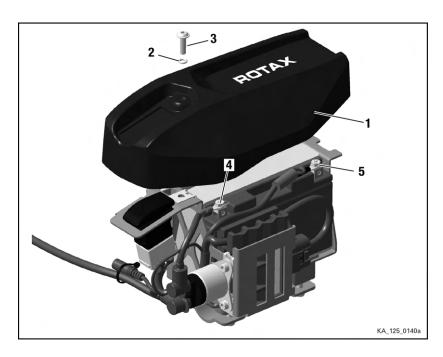


Figure 3.2: Battery

- 1 Battery cover
- 3 Allen screw with rounded flange head
- 5 Negative battery terminal

- 2 O-ring
- 4 Positive battery terminal

### **Instruction** See Figure: Ignition system.

- 4. Pull the spark plug connector (1) off the spark plug. Minimum removal force 30 N.
- 5. Remove the cable tie (11).
- 6. Disconnect the plug connections (6) on the ignition coil (2).
- 7. Disconnect the plug connection (7) on the solenoid valve (5).
- 8. Disconnect the connector (9) for the pick up sensor (3)
- 9. Disconnect the connector (10) for the starter (4).

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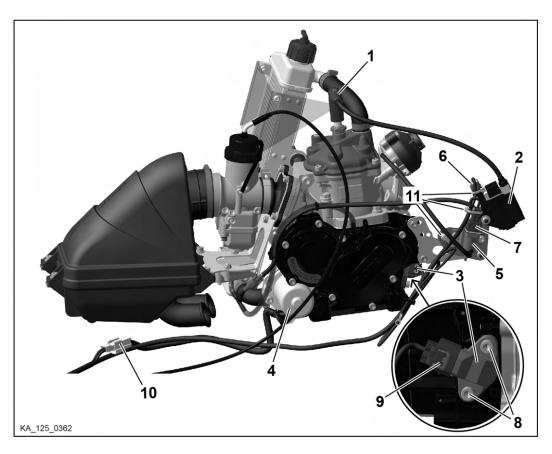


Figure 3.3: Ignition system

- 1 Spark plug connector
- 3 Crankshaft positioning sensor (CPS)
- 5 Solenoid valve
- 7 Solenoid connector
- 9 CPS connector
- 11 Cable tie

- 2 Ignition coil
- 4 Electric starter
- 6 Connector ignition coil
- 8 Allen screw M6x25
- 10 Starter connector

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## **REMOVAL OF THE EXHAUST SYSTEM**

**General** Proceeds follows to dismantle the exhaust system:

Ste	ер	Procedure
	1	Removal of the exhaust system. See Chapter 9.

## REMOVAL OF RADIATOR WITH CAP ASSY.

**General** Proceeds follows to dismantle the radiator with cap assy.:

Step	Procedure
1	Removal of radiator with cap assy. See Chapter 8.

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## **REMOVAL OF THE FUEL LINE**

Safety instructions

### **△ WARNING**

### Danger of explosion and ignition!

Overflowing and spoilt gasoline must be absorbed immediately with a binding agent and correctly disposed. Do not work with open flames and sources of ignition. Fuel must not come into contact with hot parts such as engine or exhaust since this may cause a fire!.

### Instruction

Proceed as follows to remove the fuel line:

1. Pull off fuel line (2) from the fuel pump (1).

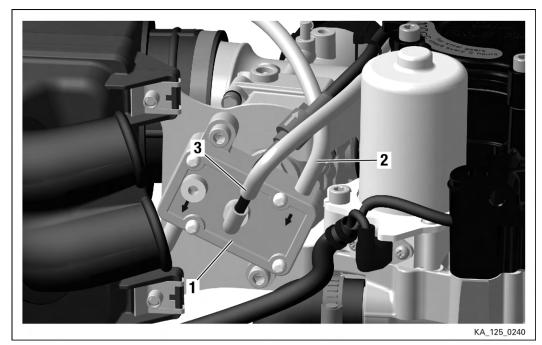


Figure 3.4: Fuel components

1 Fuel pump

2 Fuel line

3 Impulse hose

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## REMOVAL OF THE BOWDEN CABLE

**Instruction** Proceed as follows to remove the Bowden cable:

- 1. Remove the carburetor cover (1).
- 2. Unscrew the nipple screw from the carburetor slide.
- 3. Disconnect the Bowden cable (2) from the nipple screw (3).

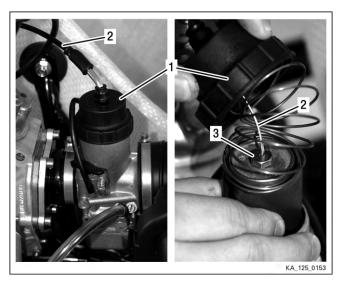


Figure 3.5: Bowden cable

1 Carburetor cover

2 Bowden cable

3 Nipple screw

### REMOVAL OF THE ENGINE FROM KART CHASSIS

### General

Loosen the engine from chassis following the chassis manufacturer's instruction. Remove both screws (engine clamps) and disconnect all cables.

### NOTE

The following repair tasks can be performed without removing the engine from the chassis:

- · Centrifugal clutch
- · Cylinder with combustion chamber insert and cylinder head cover
- · Exhaust valve
- · Reed valve
- Piston
- · Oil Service

**Chapter 3** 

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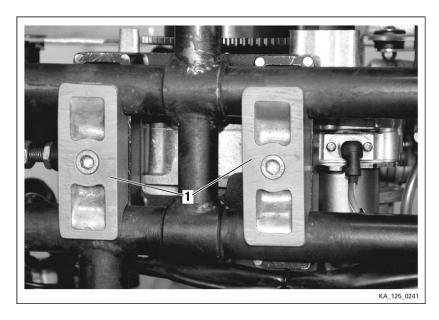


Figure 3.6: Engine clamp (Illustration similar)

1 Engine clamp

### POSITIONING THE ENGINE ON THE TRESTLE MOUNTING PLATE

### General

### **NOTICE**

Do not use flammable liquids and aggressive cleaning agents to clean the engine.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE**

Generally comply with standard rules for handling of chemicals. Dispose of chemicals as per local environmental regulations.

Cleaning the engine removes fuel and oil residues and other environmentally damaging substances, which must be disposed of according to the local regulations.

## **Special tools**

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
877390	Trestle mounting plate (trestle support)	Engine
676052	Fixing plate for engine	Engine

### Instructions

Proceed as follows to position the engine on the trestle mounting plate:

- 1. Clean the engine and adjacent parts before the next step.
- 2. Unscrew the base plate from the engine, position the engine on the trestle mounting plate, and fix it securely with the 4 fixing screws.

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# Chapter: Chapter 4 TOP END ENGINE COMPONENTS

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### Contents

This chapter describes the disassembly and assembly of the cylinder components of the ROTAX® 125 MAX evo (incl. Junior-, Mini-, Micro MAX evo) engine. The description is divided into sections.

## **SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

### Overview

## **Top End Components**

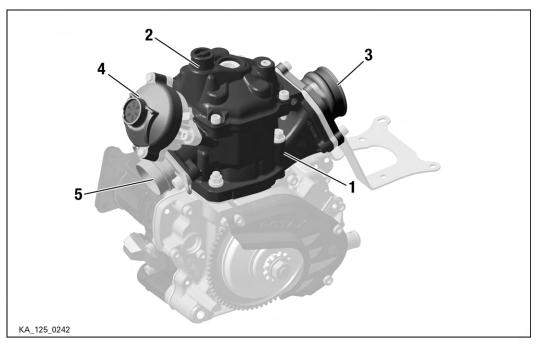


Figure 4.1: MAX evo engine shown in figure

- 1 Cylinder
- 3 Intake socket
- 5 Exhaust socket assy.

- 2 Cylinder head cover
- 4 E-Rave cover

Chapter 4

## **CYLINDER REMOVAL**

### General

### **△ WARNING**

Danger of severe burns and scalds! Always allow the engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting any work.

### **Preparation**

The following preparation is required before removal:

- · Removal of the radiator and radiator hoses. See also Chapter 8.
- · Removal of the carburetor and intake silencer. See also Chapter 6.
- · Removal of the exhaust system. See also Chapter 9.
- · Remove the spark plug connector.

### Instructions

### **NOTICE**

Do not damage the piston, piston ring and wall when dismantling these components.

### Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
676110	Wrench adapter 11/8	Cylinder

### Instruction

See Figure 4.2: Cylinder. Proceed as follows to remove the cylinder:

- 1. Remove 4 M8 collar nuts from the crankcase by using the wrench adapter 11/8.
- 2. Lift the cylinder upwards so that you can see the piston and con rod. Wrap a cloth around the con rod to avoid any damage during the process.
- 3. Remove the cylinder (1) and cylinder base gasket (2).

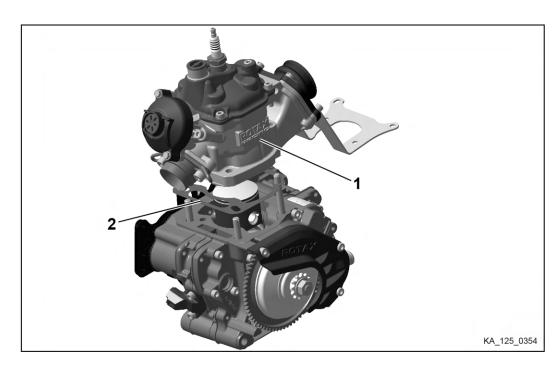


Figure 4.2: Cylinder

1 Cylinder

2 Gasket

#### **NOTE**

If only the components in the crankcase or the piston are to be replaced or inspected, then the cylinder can be removed completely together with the following parts:

- · Cylinder head cover
- Intake socket
- E-Rave (125 MAX and 125 MAX DD2)
- Exhaust socket assy.
- Spark plug
- Carburetor flange

### REMOVAL OF THE SPARK PLUG

#### Instruction

- 1. Remove the spark plug connector.
- 2. Remove the spark plug with the spark plug socket.

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## REMOVAL OF THE CYLINDER HEAD COVER

**Instruction** See Figure: Cylinder head cover.

- 1. Remove the cylinder head cover (1) by removing the 3 Allen screws (M6x25) (3) and 1 Allen screw M6x16 (4) from the cylinder.
- 2. Remove the cylinder head together with the o-ring (2).

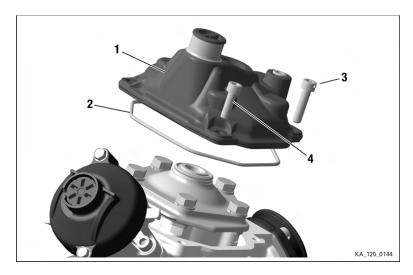


Figure 4.3: Cylinder head cover

1 Cylinder head cover

2 O-ring 105x2.5

3 Allen screw M6x25

4 Allen screw M6x16

#### REMOVAL OF THE THERMOSTAT

**Instruction** See Figure: Thermostat.

- 1. Remove the coolant thermostat from the cylinder head cover (1) by removing the 2 TAPTITE screws M4x8 (6) on the thermostat retaining bracket (5).
- 2. Remove the compression spring (4).
- 3. Remove the thermostat (2) from the thermostat holder (3).

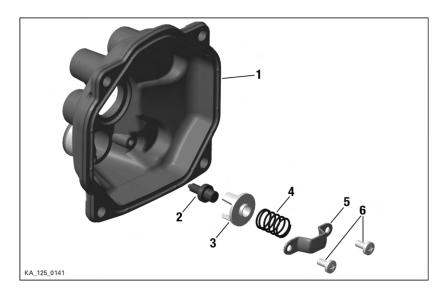


Figure 4.4: Thermostat

- 1 Cylinder head cover
- 3 Thermostat holder
- 5 Thermostat retaining bracket
- 2 Thermostat, 45 Degree celcius
- 4 Compression spring
- 6 TAPTITE screw M4x8

## REMOVAL OF THE COMBUSTION CHAMBER INSERT

**Instruction** See Figure: Combustion chamber insert.

- 1. Remove the combustion chamber insert (1) by unscrewing the 5 Hex screws M8x30 (4) with the lock washer (5) crosswise.
- 2. Lift away the combustion chamber insert with lower (2) and upper O-rings (3).

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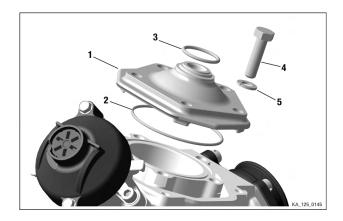


Figure 4.5: Combustion chamber insert

- 1 Combustion chamber insert
- 3 O-ring 23.3x2.4
- 5 Lock washer A8

- 2 O-ring 64x2
- 4 Hex. screw M8x30

### **REMOVAL OF THE EXHAUST SOCKET**

Instruction See Figu

See Figure: Exhaust socket.

- 1. Remove the exhaust socket (1) from the cylinder (5) by unscrewing the 2 Allen. screws (3).
- 2. Remove the gasket (4).

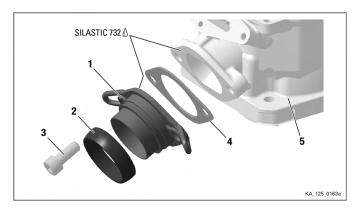


Figure 4.6: Exhaust socket

- 1 Exhaust socket
- 3 Allen screw M8x20
- 5 Cylinder

- 2 Exhaust gasket
- 4 Gasket

### REMOVAL OF THE INTAKE SOCKET AND REED VALVE

#### Instruction

- 1. Remove support bracket (3) and intake socket (4) by loosing the 5 Allen screws M6x25 (1) (2).
- 2. Remove the reed valve (5) and gasket (6) from the cylinder.

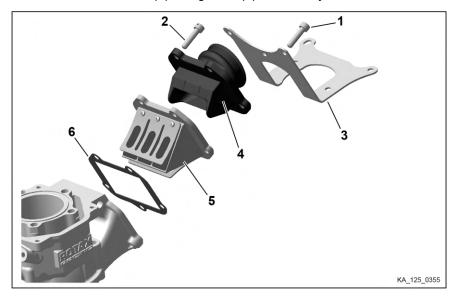


Figure 4.7: Intake socket, Reed valve

- Allen screw M6x25 with hole for sealing the engine
- 3 Support bracket
- 5 Reed valve assy.

- 2 Allen screw M6x25
- 4 Intake socket
- 6 Gasket

## REMOVAL OF THE EXHAUST VALVE (125 MAX ONLY)

#### General

The closed valve improves the performance in the low and mid range. In the upper rpm range the valve opens to reduce flow resistance of the exhaust gases. For a detailed explanation please visit our website and watch our animated video that will explain the function in detail: https://www.rotax-kart.com/de/Community/Videos/Rotax-125-MAX-evo-Engines/124-Rotax-E-RAVE

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#### Instruction

See Figure: Exhaust valve (RAVE)

Proceed as follows to remove the exhaust valve:

- 1. Release the adjustment screw (1) with the O-ring (2)
- 2. Remove the 2 TAPTITE screws M5x25 (3).
- 3. Remove the valve cover (4) and the compression spring (5).
- 4. Remove the outer hose spring (6).
- 5. Release the valve rod housing (10) from the cylinder with the 2 Allen screws M6x25 (11) with spring washers (12).
- 6. Unscrew the exhaust valve piston (7) by holding the exhaust valve blade assy. (14, 15, 16) and the gasket (13).
- 7. Remove the inner hose spring (9) and remove along with the bellow (8).

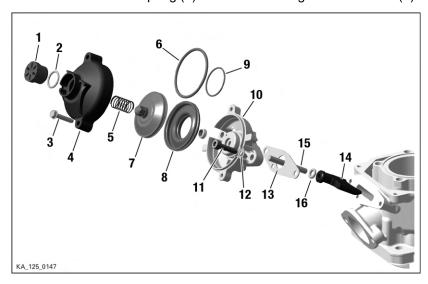


Figure 4.8: Exhaust valve (RAVE)

1	Adjustment screw	2	O-ring 15.9–2.3
3	TAPTITE screw M5x25	4	Valve cover
5	Compression spring 48.5/0.8 mm	6	Hose spring 134–3.0–0.65
7	Exhaust valve piston	8	Bellow
9	Hose spring 70–1.7–0.3	10	Valve rod housing assy.
11	Allen screw M6x25	12	Spring washer B6
13	Gasket	14	Exhaust valve
15	Stud M6x52.5	16	O-ring 6x2.5 RED

## **REMOVAL OF THE PISTON**

**General** See Figure: piston.

#### **NOTICE**

In order to protect the piston pin circlip from unintentional loss, a suitable clean cloth should be used to cover the open cylinder bore in the crankcase.

#### **NOTICE**

Always support the piston with the hand in order to avoid a bending moment or damage of the surface.

#### Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
676035	Insertion tool	Piston
976380	Circlip puller	Circlip

#### Instructions

Proceed as follows to remove the piston:

- 1. Pull out the circlip (2) with the circlip puller (1). Use safety goggles to protect your eyes!
- 2. Press the piston pin (4) out of the piston with the point of the special tool (3).

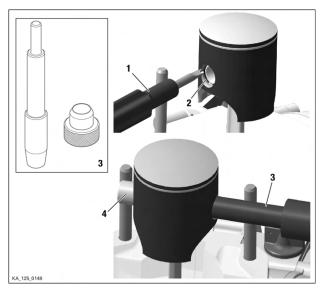


Figure 4.9: Piston

1 Circlip puller

- 2 Circlip
- 3 Special tool part no. 676035
- 4 Piston pin

## CYLINDER COMPONENTS INSPECTION

#### General

#### **NOTICE**

Components, which have reached or exceeded their wear limits, must be replaced.

Components, which are found to be defective in the context of the visual inspection and might influence the engine's performance, must also be replaced.

#### **INSPECTION OF CYLINDER COMPONENTS**

**Instructions** See Figure: Cylinder.

**Preparation** The following preparation is required before removal.

- 1. Remove lime deposits (1) from the water cooling of the cylinder.
- 2. Clean combustion residues from the exhaust valve and slider duct (2).
- 3. Clean O-ring groove (3).
- 4. Inspect all threads.
- 5. All sealing surfaces must be clean and smooth.
- 6. Inspect the cylinder bore for abnormal wear.
- 7. Inspect the impulse bore (4).

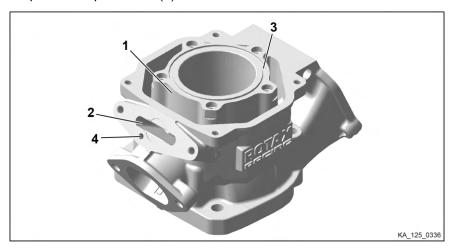


Figure 4.10: Cylinder

- 1 Water duct
- 3 Groove for O-ring

- 2 Exhaust valve port
- 4 Impulse bore

## **INSPECTION OF PISTON AND PISTON RING**

**Instructions** See Figure: Piston and piston ring.

- 1. Inspect the piston for cracks and signs of piston seizure.
- 2. Inspect the bore of the piston pin for damage and wear.
- 3. Inspect the piston pin ring groove for defects.
- 4. Check free of movement of the piston ring in the ring groove.
  - a. If carbon prevents free movement of the piston ring, the ring groove can be cleaned out with a discarded piston ring.
- 5. Measure the piston ring clearance in the ring groove with a feeler gauge (1).
  - a. If the piston ring clearance has reached the wear limit of 0.1 mm, the piston must be replaced.
- 6. Remove the piston ring from the piston, insert it approx. 10 mm from top into the cylinder (use the piston to do so) and check ring-end gap by means of a feeler gauge.
- 7. Check the piston ring locking pin for wear.

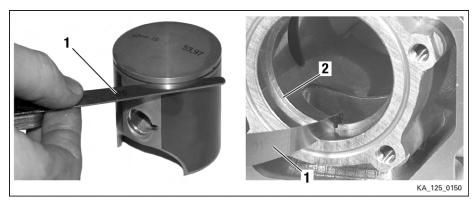


Figure 4.11: Piston and piston ring

1 Feeler gauge 2 Piston ring

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## **INSPECTION OF THE PISTON DIAMETER**

#### Instructions

- 1. Measure the piston diameter with a micrometer (1). Conditions of measurement: room temperature = 20 °C, measuring point 20 mm from the lower edge of the piston, perpendicular to the piston pin axis.
- 2. Determine the piston clearance after measuring the cylinder as a next step.

#### **NOTE**

The clearance of a new piston/cylinder pairing should be min. 0.05 mm. The wear limit is 0.11 mm.

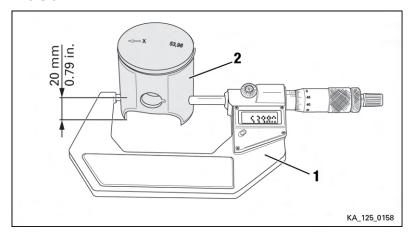


Figure 4.12: Piston diameter

1 Micrometer

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## INSPECTION OF THE PISTON AND CYLINDER SIZING

#### General

### **NOTE**

Every new piston has the size classification and a production letter printed on the top of the piston (piston crown).

#### NOTE

Every new cylinder has the size classification stamped on the upper sealing surface.

### Measuring the cylinder diameter:

- 1. Measure the cylinder diameter 10 mm below the upper edge of the cylinder. This dimension indicates the selection of the matching piston. If the dimension has reached the wear limit of 54.045 mm, the cylinder must be replaced.
- 2. Measure the piston diameter as described in chapter 4 "Inspection of the piston diameter" and install a piston to match the required minimum clearance of 0.060 mm +/- 0.005 mm and make sure to stay within the maximum wear limit of 0.10 mm.

### Cylinder classification

Cylinder labeling	Cylinder dimension
"A"	54.000 - 54.010 mm
"AB"	54.010 - 54.015 mm
"B"	54.015 - 54.025 mm

#### Piston classification "f"

Piston labeling	Tolerance field (mm)	Minimum dimen- sion (mm)	Maximum dimen- sion (mm)
"f" 53.95	+0.005 / -0.025 mm	53.925	53.955
"f" 53.96	+0.005 / -0.025 mm	53.935	53.965
"f" 53.97	+0.005 / -0.025 mm	53.945	53.975
"f" 53.98	+0.005 / -0.025 mm	53.955	53.985
"f" 53.99	+0.005 / -0.025 mm	53.965	53.995

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### Piston classification "h"

Piston labeling	Tolerance field (mm)	Minimum dimen- sion (mm)	Maximum dimen- sion (mm)
"h" 53.94	+0.015 / -0.015 mm	53.925	53.955
"h" 53.95	+0.015 / -0.015 mm	53.935	53.965
"h" 53.96	+0.015 / -0.015 mm	53.945	53.975
"h" 53.97	+0.015 / -0.015 mm	53.955	53.985
"h" 53.98	+0.015 / -0.015 mm	53.965	53.995

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## INSPECTION OF THE PISTON PIN, CIRCLIP

Instructions

See Figure: Piston pin, circlip.

- 1. Inspect the piston pin (1) for wear and discoloration.
- 2. Check the needle cage (2) for cracks and abrasion.
- 3. The circlips (3) are replaced at every repair. Notice the position of the circlip.

#### **NOTE**

Direction of circlips is up or downside direction.

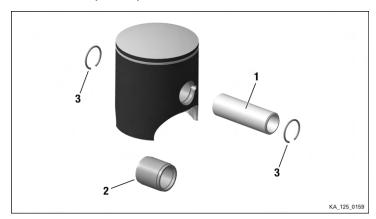


Figure 4.13: Piston pin, circlip

1 Piston pin

2 Needle cage

3 Circlip

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## INSPECTION OF THE SPARK PLUG

### **Instructions** See Figure: Spark plug.

- 1. Inspect spark plug connector for cracks, burn-off, dampness and fouling.
- 2. Visual inspection of the spark plug for carbonization, oil fouling and discoloration of the electrode.
  - Pos. 1 = normal
  - Pos. 2 = fouled
  - Pos. 3 = insulator breakage
  - Pos. 4 = melted electrode
  - Pos. 5 = oil carbon / deposits
- 3. Check the electrode gap of the spark plug with a feeler gauge and adjust if required to s = 0.45 mm to 0.7 mm.

### **NOTICE**

Pay attention to the electrode gap, mentioned in the technical regulation! Bending the electrode can cause damage or misfire.

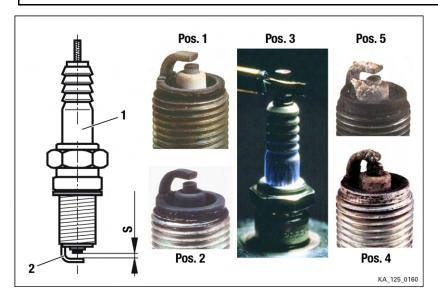


Figure 4.14: Spark plug

1 Spark plug 2 Electrode

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## INSPECTION OF THE CYLINDER HEAD COVER

**Instructions** See Figure: Cylinder head cover.

- 1. Inspect cylinder head cover for cracks (visual inspection).
- 2. Inspect the contact surfaces of the two O-rings (1 and 2) for good condition (max. depth of wear 0.05 mm).

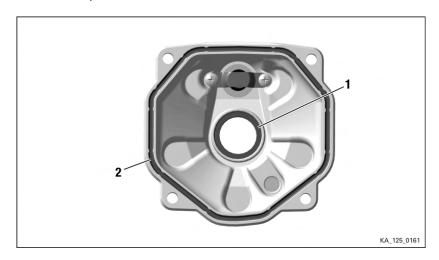


Figure 4.15: Cylinder head cover

1, 2 O-ring contact area

## INSPECTION OF THE COMBUSTION CHAMBER INSERT

**Instructions** See Figure: Combustion chamber insert.

#### NOTE

The sealing area of the combustion chamber insert is slightly tapered from  $\emptyset$  63 mm.

- 1. Clean combustion residues and lime deposits from the outer area (1) of the combustion chamber.
- 2. Inspect combustion chamber insert for cracks (visual inspection).
- 3. Make sure that spark plug thread (3) is in good condition.
- 4. Inspect sealing surfaces for flatness and damage.

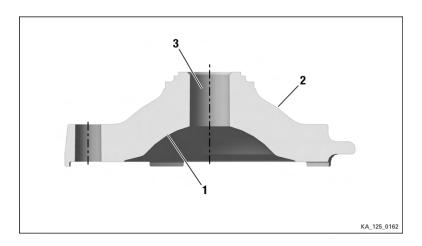


Figure 4.16: Combustion chamber insert

1 Combustion chamber

2 Outside area

3 Spark plug thread

### INSPECTION OF THE EXHAUST SOCKET

#### Instructions

See Figure: Exhaust socket.

- 1. Inspect the exhaust socket for damage or deformation.
- 2. Inspect exhaust gasket (2) for wear and replace if applicable.

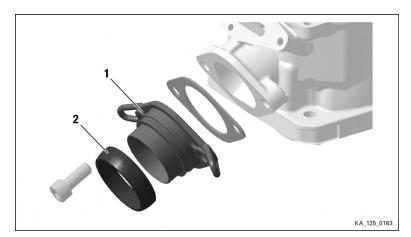


Figure 4.17: Exhaust socket

1 Exhaust socket (ball)

2 Exhaust gasket

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## INSPECTION OF THE CARBURETOR FLANGE AND REED VALVE

#### General

#### **NOTICE**

The reed petal should be completely on the valve guide with a little initial tension (a gap should not be visible when held against the light. If applicable adjust reed valves more precisely by releasing the tightening torque of the screws.

#### Instructions

See Figure: Carburetor port and valve guide.

- 1. Inspect rubber lining of reed valves (1) for perishing (if applicable replace complete reed valve).
- 2. Check the two reed petal (2) for cracks or damage.
- 3. Check the oval head screw M3x6 (3) for secure seating. (LOCTITE 648 Tightening torque 1.5 –2 Nm (13-18 in.lb)).
- 4. Inspect carburetor flange (4) for cracks, porosity or swelling and replace if applicable.

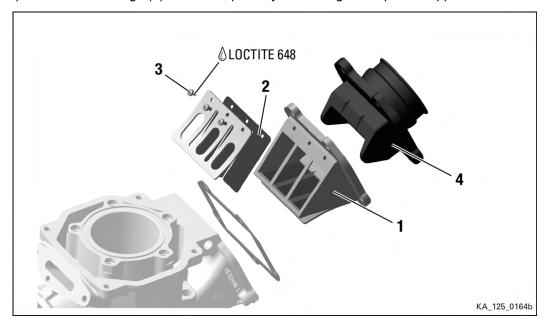


Figure 4.18: Carburetor port and valve guide

1 Reed valve assy.

2 Reed petal

3 Oval head screw M3x6

4 Intake socket

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## **INSPECTION OF THE EXHAUST VALVE (125 MAX ONLY)**

**Instructions** See following figure.

**Preparation** The following preparation is required before removal.

- 1. Clean oil or oil deposits from all parts with a suitable cleaning agent.
- 2. Check the smooth movement of the exhaust valve (1) in the cylinder, if applicable remove carbon deposits on the outlet valve and in the cylinder.
- 3. Inspect condition of O-ring (2).
- 4. Check that the impulse bore in the valve rod housing (3) is open.
- 5. Inspect bellow (5) for cracks or porous areas and replace if applicable.
- 6. Inspect exhaust valve piston (6) for cracks or deformation by caused overheating and replace if applicable.
- 7. Inspect valve cover (7) for cracks or deformation caused by overheating.

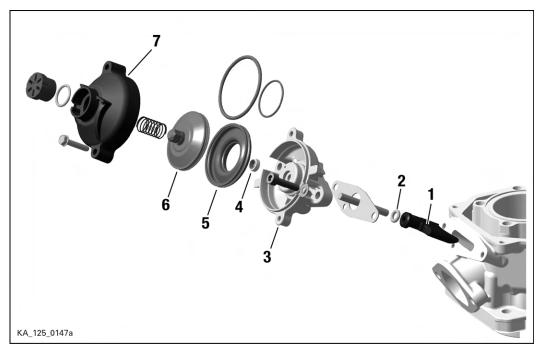


Figure 4.19: Exhaust valve

- 1 Exhaust valve
- 3 Valve rod housing
- 5 Bellow
- 7 Valve cover

- 2 O-ring RED
- 4 Oil seal
- 6 Valve piston

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## CYLINDER COMPONENTS INSTALLATION

## **INSTALLATION OF EXHAUST VALVE (125 MAX ONLY)**

#### NOTE

Make sure that the components are installed in their correct position.

#### Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Use
899788	LOCTITE 648	Stud bolt
276070	Installation tool	Valve bellows spring

#### Instruction

See Figure: Exhaust valve..

Proceed as follows to install the exhaust valve:

#### **NOTICE**

If the exhaust valve or the stud bolt is replaced, the stud bolt must be secured with LOCTITE 648 in the exhaust valve.

- 1. Lock exhaust valve (1) and stud M6x52.5 (2) with LOCTITE 648.
- 2. Wipe away the surplus LOCTITE.
- 3. Make sure the bolt is screwed in completely. Tightening torque 10 Nm (90 in.lb).

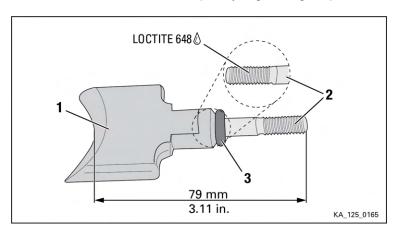


Figure 4.20: Exhaust valve

1 Exhaust valve

2 Stud M6x52.5

3 O-ring 6x2.5 RED

### INSTALLATION OF EXHAUST VALVE, GASKET, VALVE ROD HOUSING

Exhaust valve, gasket, valve rod housing See Figure: Exhaust valve.

- 1. Insert exhaust valve into the slot in the cylinder head (1). Pay attention on the installation direction and make sure that the valve is not ranging into the exhaust port!
- 2. Position the gasket (4), making sure that the impulse bore on the cylinder is not covered. Note the installation direction!
- 3. Insert the valve rod housing (5). Coat both side of oil seal (6) with Engine oil and insert into the valve rod housing.
- 4. Screw in 2 Allen screws M6x25 (7) and spring washers (8) onto the cylinder (1) and tighten.
- 5. Check the movement of the exhaust valve.
- 6. Tighten Allen screws (7). Tightening torque 10 Nm (90 in.lb).

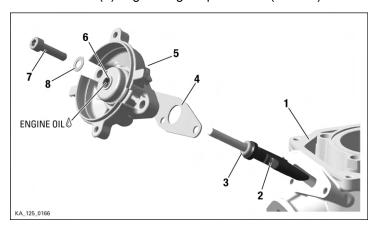


Figure 4.21: Installation direction of exhaust valve

1 Cylinder head 2 Exhaust valve

O-ring 6x2.5 RED 4 Gasket

5 Valve rod housing assy. 6 Oil seal 6x11x3/4.5

7 Allen screw M6x25 8 Spring washers B6

#### INSTALLATION OF THE EXHAUST VALVE PISTON

General In order to protect the piston pin circlip from unintentional loss in the crankcase, a suitable

clean cloth should be used to cover the open cylinder bore.

**Instruction** See Figure: Exhaust valve piston.

- 1. Degrease the valve rod housing (1), bellows (2) and exhaust valve piston (3).
- 2. Pull the small hose spring (4) over the bellows.

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- 3. Fit the bellows over the valve rod housing (1). The bead of the bellows must engage in the groove in the valve rod housing.
- 4. Tighten the exhaust valve piston (3) into the valve rod housing (1). Tightening torque 1.2 Nm (10.6 in.lb)
- 5. Tension the large hose spring (5) with installation tool part no. 276070.
- 6. Insert compression spring (6).
- 7. Tighten the valve cover (7) with 2 TAPTITE screw M5x25 (8).
- 8. Insert the O-ring 15.9-2.3 (9) into the valve cover.
- 9. Turn the adjustment screw (10) into the valve cover (7).

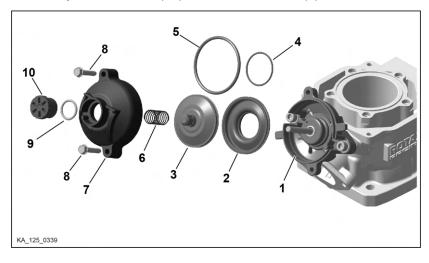


Figure 4.22: Exhaust valve piston

- 1 Valve rod housing assy.
- 3 Exhaust valve piston
- 5 Hose spring 134-3.0-0.65
- 7 Valve cover
- 9 O-ring 15.9-2.3

- 2 Bellow
- 4 Hose spring 70-1.7-0.3
- 6 Compression spring 48.5/0.8 mm
- 8 TAPTITE screw M5x25
- 10 Adjustment screw

#### INSTALLATION OF PISTON

#### Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part number	Description	Field of application
676035	Installation tool	Piston
n.a.	Engine oil	Piston pin

#### **NOTE**

Cover your eyes with safety goggles during this work! Mount the piston with the locking pin of the piston ring facing the intake port.

#### **NOTE**

The piston pin is fixed in the piston with two circlips (left and right).

#### **NOTICE**

Always use new circlips. Used or previously installed circlips have too little tangential tension, and they may twist and work their way out of the groove in the piston.

#### **NOTE**

For easier installation we recommend installing one circlip before installing the piston.

#### Instruction

See Figure: Piston pin.

Proceed as follows to install the piston pin:

- 1. Coat the piston pin needle cage (2) with Engine oil.
- 2. Insert the piston pin needle cage (2) into the upper connecting rod eye.
- 3. Mount the piston (3) and piston pin (4) on the con rod.
- 4. Place the new circlip (1) flat on a level surface.
- 5. Push the mounting sleeve (5) with the circlip over it.
- 6. Push the circlip deeper into the mounting sleeve with the tapered side of the installation tool (6).
- 7. Rotate the installation tool and continue to push the mounting sleeve until the circlip locks into the mounting sleeve groove.
- 8. Place the installation tool with the cutout of the circlip down on the piston (3).
- 9. Protect the piston with your hand and press into the piston with the hook ring.

#### NOTE

The installation tool centers itself in the piston pin.

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Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

## **NOTE**

Check that the circlip is correctly seated in the piston.

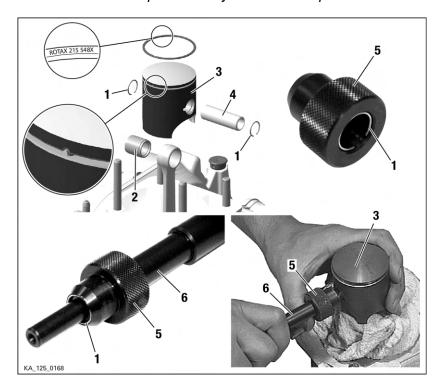


Figure 4.23: Piston pin

- 1 Circlip
- 3 Piston
- 5 Mounting sleeve

- 2 Needle cage K 15x19x20
- 4 Piston pin 15x10x12.5x45.6
- 6 Installation tool

### **INSTALLATION OF THE CYLINDER**

### General

### **NOTICE**

Use only the piston/cylinder pairings specified by the table in Chapter 4 Section 3.2. All other combinations may lead to engine damage.

### **Special tools**

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
897651	LOCTITE 243	Stud bolts

Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

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#### Instructions

Proceed as follows to install the cylinder head: See Figure: Cylinder head.

- 1. Coat the stud bolts (1) on the longer thread end with LOCTITE 243 and screw into the crank-case. Tightening torque 5 Nm (44.25 in.lb).
- 2. Position new cylinder base gasket (0.2 mm) (4). Determine the correct thickness of the base gasket (see Chapter 4 Section: Squish gap measurement) to adjust the squish gap to the correct value.
- 3. Coat cylinder bore and piston (2) with Engine oil.
- 4. Press piston ring into the piston with two fingers.

NOTICE	
Do not damage the gasket.	

- 5. Position the cylinder (3) over the piston.
- 6. Screw cylinder crosswise to the crankcase with the four studs. Tightening torque 24 Nm (18 ft.lb).

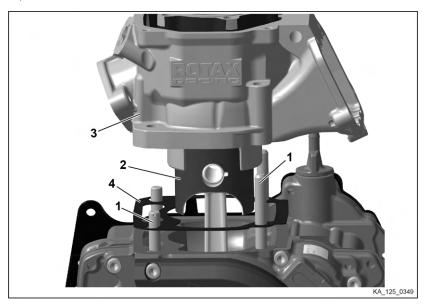


Figure 4.24: Cylinder head

1 Stud bolts

2 Piston

3 Cylinder

4 Gasket

## **INSTALLATION OF THE EXHAUST SOCKET**

Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
297386	SILASTIC 732	Gasket

#### Instructions

See Figure: Exhaust socket. Proceed as follows to install the exhaust socket:

- 1. Coat both sides of the gasket with SILASTIC.
- 2. Fasten the exhaust socket (1) to the cylinder (5) with a new gasket (4) and 2 Allen screws M8x20 (3). Tightening torque 20 Nm (177 in.lb).
- 3. Check that the exhaust port is tightly seated on the cylinder.

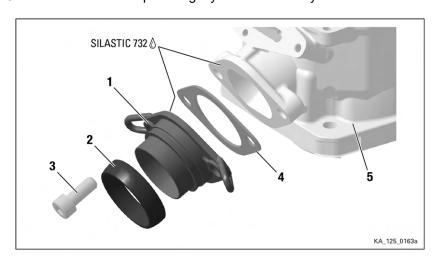


Figure 4.25: Exhaust socket

- 1 Exhaust socket assy.
- 3 Allen screws M8x20
- 5 Cylinder

- 2 Exhaust gasket
- 4 Gasket

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## INSTALLATION OF THE CARBURETOR FLANGE AND REED VALVE

Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
899788	LOCTITE 648	Screw locking

Instructions

See Figure: Carburetor flange and reed valve Proceed as follows to install the exhaust socket:

Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

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#### **NOTICE**

The reed petal mounted on the reed valve must be fixed in precisely the correct installation position. Incorrect positioning of this valve leads to disturbed running of the engine due to incomplete combustion.

#### **NOTICE**

The reed petal is bent, not flat. It must be fixed with the concave facing the valve guide. If the valve guide with the correctly fitted reed valve is held up to the light, it must not be possible to see through it.

- 1. Attach the reed petal (2) and the valve detent (3) to the valve guide using recessed head screws (4). Use LOCTITE 648 to lock the screws.
- 2. Position the gasket (5) on the cylinder.
- 3. Position the reed valve (1) and intake socket (6) and fasten together with the support bracket (7) using 5 head screws M6x25 (8)(9). Tightening torque 7 Nm (62 in.lb).

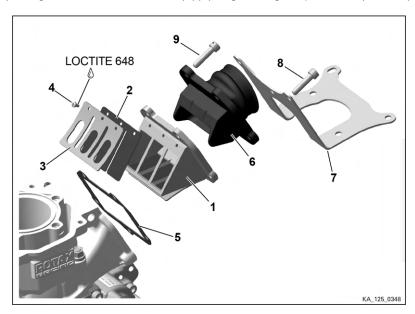


Figure 4.26: Carburetor flange and reed valve

- 1 Reed valve
- 3 Valve detent
- 5 Gasket
- 7 Support bracket
- 9 Allen screw M6x25,

- 2 Reed petal
- 4 Recessed head screw M3x6
- 6 Carburetor flange
- Allen screw M6x25, with hole for sealing the engine

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## **INSTALLATION OF COMBUSTION CHAMBER INSERT**

## General NOTE

Note the installation position of the combustion chamber insert (2) - "Made in Austria" points to the exhaust port.

#### Instructions

See Figure: Combustion chamber insert.

Proceed as follows to install the combustion chamber insert and cylinder head cover:

- 1. Position O-ring (2) in the groove of the cylinder.
- 2. Tighten combustion chamber insert (2) crosswise with 5 hex screws (4) and with lock washers (5) to 5 Nm initially, ensuring that the O-ring (3) is not crushed. Tighten to tightening torque 30 Nm (22 ft.lb).

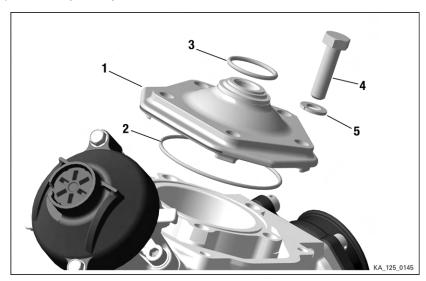


Figure 4.27: Combustion chamber insert

1 Combustion chamber insert

2 O-ring 64x2

3 O-ring 23.3x2.4

4 Hex. screw M8x30

5 Lock washer

## **INSTALLATION OF CYLINDER HEAD COVER**

### **Special tools**

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
897651	LOCTITE 243	Screw locking

#### **Preparation**

The following preparation is required before installation:

· Installation of the coolant thermostat:

Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

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#### Instructions

See Figure: Coolant thermostat.

Installation of the coolant thermostat:

1. Install thermostat (2) with collar nut M8 (3), compression spring (4) and thermostat retaining bracket (5) with 2 screws (6). Lock screws with LOCTITE 243.

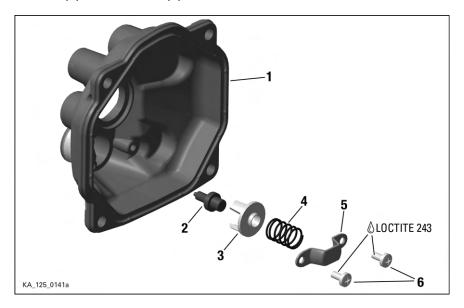


Figure 4.28: Coolant thermostat

- 1 Cylinder head cover red
- 3 Collar nut M8
- 5 Thermostat retaining bracket
- 2 Thermostat 45 degree celcius
- 4 Compression spring
- 6 TAPTITE screw M4x8

Instructions

See Figure: Combustion chamber insert.

Proceed as follows to install the combustion chamber insert:

- 2. Position O-ring (1) on the combustion chamber insert.
- 3. Grease the O-ring (2) lightly to ensure that it adheres better to the groove of the cylinder head cover, otherwise fix it with sealant (Silastic).
- 4. Insert O-ring (2) into the groove of the cylinder head cover (3).
- 5. Tighten the cylinder head cover (3) crosswise with 4 Allen screws M6x25 (4). Tightening torque 10 Nm (90 in.lb).

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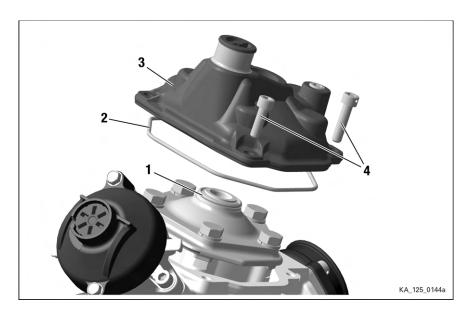


Figure 4.29: Combustion chamber insert

1 O-ring 23.3x2.4

2 O-ring 64x2

3 Cylinder head cover red

4 Allen screw M6x25

#### INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT OF SQUISH GAP

#### General

The gap between the piston in TDC (top dead center) and the combustion chamber insert is referred to as "squish gap".

The gap between the piston (at the TDC of the piston) and the combustion chamber insert (= "squish gap") is partly responsible for the power characteristics of the engine and responsible for smooth running.

### **NOTE**

The smaller the squish gap the higher the engine compression. This means that the engine response to the feed from the carburetor becomes more critical under changing operating conditions (temperature, air pressure, humidity).

#### Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Use
580130	Solder 2 mm	Combustion chamber
580132	Solder 3 mm	Combustion chamber
n.a.	Vernier caliper	Measuring the solder

#### Instructions

See Figure: Squish gap measurement.

- 1. Rotate crankshaft by hand until the piston is approx. 5 mm below TDC.
- 2. Right thickness of solder

2.0 mm (for 125 Mini, Junior and Senior MAX)

3.0 mm (for 125 Micro MAX only)

bend as shown in the Figure: "Squish gap measurement" and insert through the spark plug thread into the combustion chamber until the solder is in contact with the cylinder wall. The squeeze edge must always be measured in the direction of the axis of the piston pin. Divergent measurements will show a wrong result!

3. Rotate the starter gear assembly by hand over the TDC position.

#### NOTE

This will squeeze the solder between the piston and the combustion chamber insert.

4. Remove the solder from the combustion chamber and measure the thickness at the very end (= "squish gap") of the crushed end of the solder with a vernier calliper. Repeat this process on the other side of the cylinder wall.

#### **NOTE**

A vernier calliper with an accuracy of min. 1/100 mm is required for this measurement.

#### **NOTICE**

Calculate the average of the sum of both measurements (on both cylinder wall sides).

The squish gap must be within the specified tolerance.

You find the latest valid regulations on:

http://www.rotax-kart.com/de/Max-Challenge/MAX-Challenge/Regulations.

#### NOTE

The squish gap can be adjusted using cylinder base gaskets. Cylinder base gaskets are available 0.2 mm (0.008 in.), 0.3 mm (0.01 in.), 0.4 mm (0.015 in.), 0.5 mm (0.02 in.) and 0.8 mm (0.03 in.) thick.

Engine model: 125 MAX – EXAMPLE A cylinder base gasket 0.5 mm thick has been installed. With this cylinder base gasket a squish gap of 0.8 mm was measured. A cylinder base gasket 0.8 mm thick is required to set the required value, e.g. 1.1 mm.

Of course a 0.5 mm and a 0.3 mm seal can be installed.

If it is necessary to install a cylinder base gasket with a different thickness, the cylinder can be completely removed by unscrewing the four studs. Follow the instructions in section "Installation of the cylinder".

Keep in mind that the gasket will settle and reduce the squish over time.



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Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

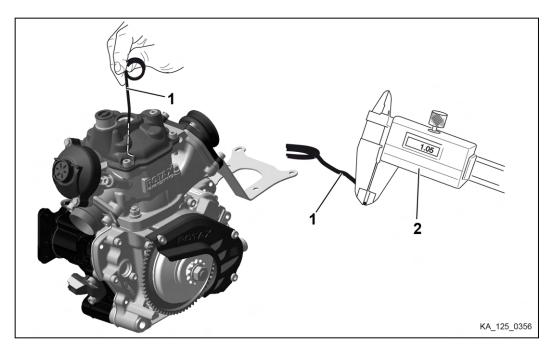


Figure 4.30: Squish gap measurement

1 Solder 2 Vernier caliper

## **INSTALLATION OF SPARK PLUG**

#### Instructions

Proceed as follows to install the spark plug:

1. Screw in spark plug hand-tight and use tightening torque to tighten it with 27 Nm (20 ft.lb).

**NOTES** 

# Chapter: Chapter 5 BOTTOM END ENGINE COMPONENTS

### **TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER**

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**Contents** 

This chapter describes the disassembly and assembly of the crankcase of the ROTAX® 125 MAX evo (incl. Junior-, Mini-, Micro MAX evo) engine.

# **SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

#### Overview



Figure 5.1: Position on the engine

#### Overview Components of crankcase

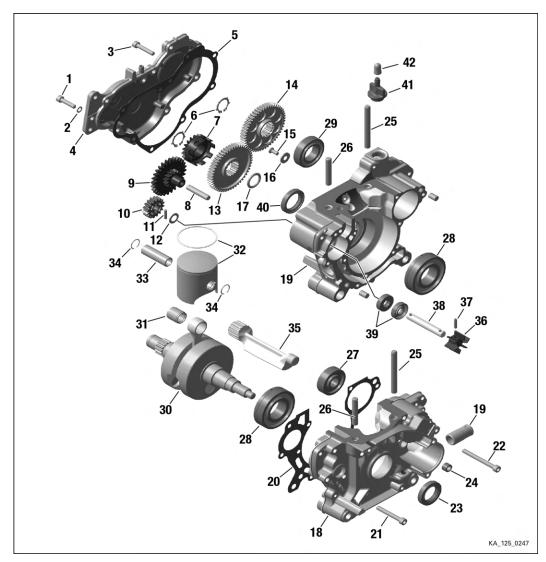


Figure 5.2

1	Allen screw M6x25	2	Sealing ring A 6x10
3	Allen screw M6x30	4	Gearbox cover
5	Gasket	6	Retaining ring with lug 20x1.2
7	Water pump gear 19 T	8	Locating pin 8 small M6x40
9	Idle gear 28/13 T	10	Water pump pinion 16 T
11	Needle pin 4x15.8	12	Thrust washer 10.1/17/1
13	Balance gear (crankshaft)	14	Balance gear (balance shaft)

15	Countersunk screw M5x12	16	Thrust washer
17	O-ring 18x3.5	18	Crank case assy. black
19	Crank case assy.	20	Gasket
21	Allen screw M6x45	22	Allen screw M6x60
23	Oil seal AS 25x38x7	24	Needle bushing 8x12x8
25	Stud M8x57/20	26	Stud M8x28/20
27	Ball bearing 6302	28	Ball bearing 6206
29	Ball bearing 6005	30	Crankshaft assy.
31	Needle cage K 15x19x20	32	Piston assy.
33	Piston pin 15x10x12.5x45.6	34	Circlip 15
35	Balance shaft	36	Impeller
37	Dowel 4x16	38	Water pump shaft
39	Oil seal A 10x26x7	40	Oil seal AS 28x38x7
41	Air vent screw M18x1.5	42	Closure cap for impulse joint

# DISASSEMBLY OF THE BALANCE DRIVE AND WATER PUMP GEARS

# Safety information

#### **△ WARNING**

Danger of severe burns and scalds! Always allow the engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting any work.

### Preparation

The following preparation is required before removal:

- 1. Removal of ignition system. See also Chapter 3).
- 2. Removal of the fuel line. See also Chapter 3).
- 3. Positioning the engine on the trestle mounting plate. See also Chapter 3).
- 4. Removal of cylinder head. See also Chapter 4).
- 5. Drain oil. See also Chapter 5).
- 6. Removal of carburetor. See also Chapter 6).
- 7. Removal of starter. See also Chapter 7).
- 8. Removal of radiator. See also Chapter 8).

#### **DRAIN OIL**

#### Instruction

See Figure: Drain oil.

- 1. Remove the Allen screw (3) with sealing ring (2) from the crankcase and gearbox case.
- 2. Drain the oil into a suitable vessel and dispose of it in the proper manner.

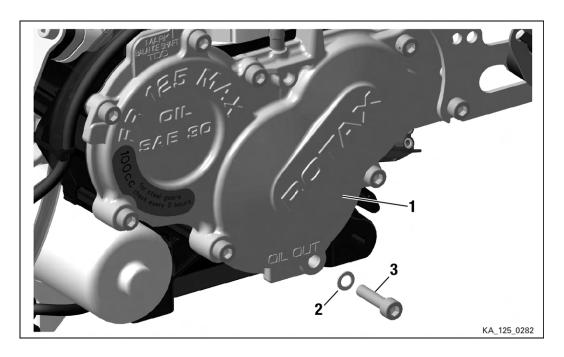


Figure 5.3: Drain oil

1 Gearbox cover

2 Sealing ring A6x10

3 Allen screw M6x25

### REMOVAL OF THE GEAR COVER AND GEARS

## **Special tools**

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no. Description		Use
n.a.	Circlip pliers	Drive wheel
n.a.	Hot-air gun	Compensating wheels

### Instructions

See Figure: Gearbox cover.

- 1. Unscrew and remove Allen screws (1).
- 2. Remove sealing ring (2), gear cover (3) with gasket (4).

Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

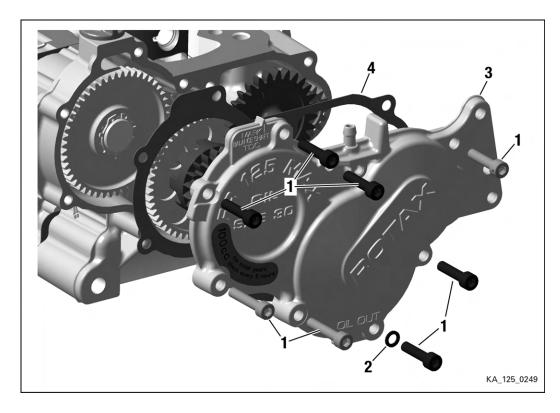


Figure 5.4: Gearbox cover

- 1 Allen screws
- 3 Gear cover

- 2 Sealing ring A 6x10
- 4 Gasket

### Instruction

See Figure: Water pump and balance shaft.

- 3. Remove water-pump pinion (2) and idle gear (5).
- 4. Remove needle pins (3) and thrust washer (4) from the water-pump shaft.
- 5. Remove retaining ring (5) with circlip pliers.
- 6. Remove the drive gear (9) from the crankshaft.
- 7. Heat balance gear (8,7) evenly with hot air if they do not move freely and remove them from crankshaft or balance shaft.
- 8. Remove O-ring (9) from the crankshaft.
- 9. Inspect crankcase, see Chapter 5, section Crankcase inspection.

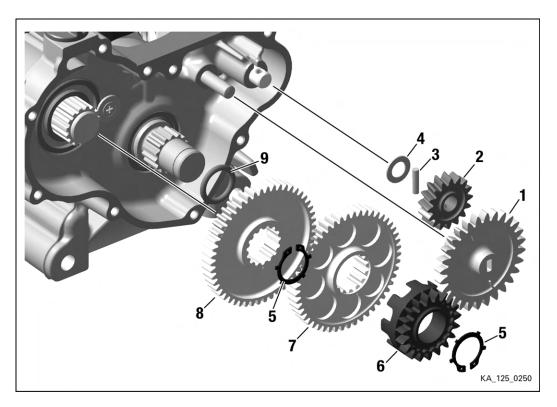


Figure 5.5: Water pump and balance gears

- 1 Idle gear 28/13 T
- 3 Needle pin 4x15.8
- Retaining ring with lug 20x1.2
- 7 Balance gear 50 T
- 9 O-ring 18x3.5

- Water pump pinion 16T
- Thrust washer
- Water pump gear 19 T
- 8 Balance gear 50T

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## **DISASSEMBLING THE CRANKCASE**

### **Special tools**

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
276016	Puller assembly	Case halves
n.a.	Plastic hammer	Crankshaft

### Instructions

See Figure: Crankcase.

### **NOTE**

Use two hex. screws to separate the case halves

- 1. Unscrew all M6 screws (1) and remove them.
- 2. Unscrew one half of the crankcase from the trestle mounting plate.
- 3. Screw Allen screws (2) evenly into the extraction thread and press the case halves evenly apart.

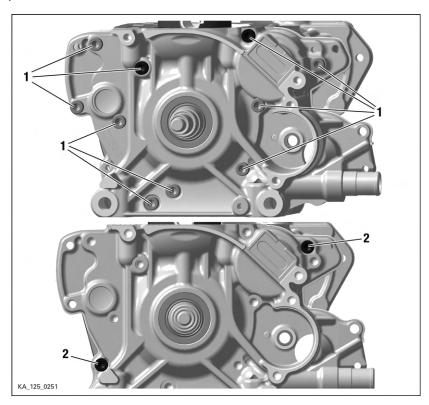


Figure 5.6: Crankcase

1,2 Allen screws

### **Instruction** See Figure: Balance shaft.

- 4. Remove gasket (2) from the case half (1).
- 5. Remove water-pump shaft (4).
- 6. Remove balance shaft (3) from the case.

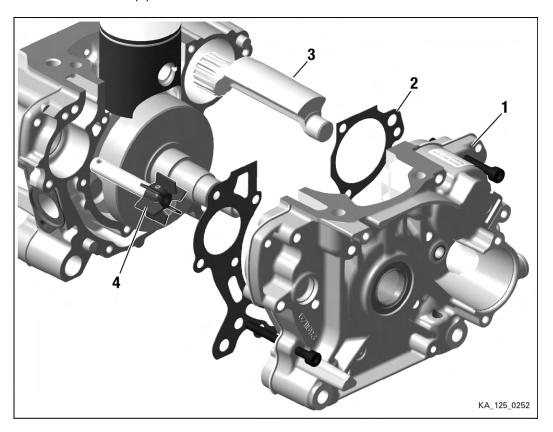


Figure 5.7: Balance shaft

1 Crankcase half

2 Gasket

3 Balance shaft

4 Water pump shaft

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7. Gently tap the crankshaft (1) with the plastic hammer (3) to remove the crankshaft from the case half (2).

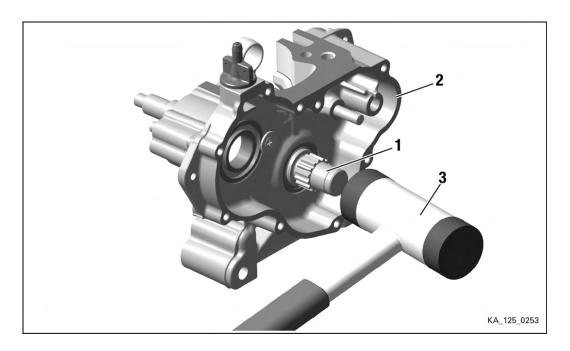


Figure 5.8: Crankcase

1 Crankshaft

2 Crankcase half

3 Plastic hammer

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### **REMOVAL OF MAIN BEARINGS AND OIL SEALS**

### **Special tools**

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Use
n.a.	Convection oven	Case halves
676030	Installation tool	Needle bearing

#### Instructions

See Figure: Bearing and oil seal for shaft.

- 1. Remove oil seal (1) and (2) from the two halves with suitable tools.
- 2. Remove oil seals (3) from water pump with suitable tools.
- 3. Remove pick up sensor (4) for the ignition system by removing the two Allen screws (5).
- 4. Remove air vent screw (6).
- 5. Remove countersunk screw (7) and thrust washer (8).
- 6. Heat the two halves of the case to approx. 150 °C in the convection oven until the bearing can be tapped gently out.

Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

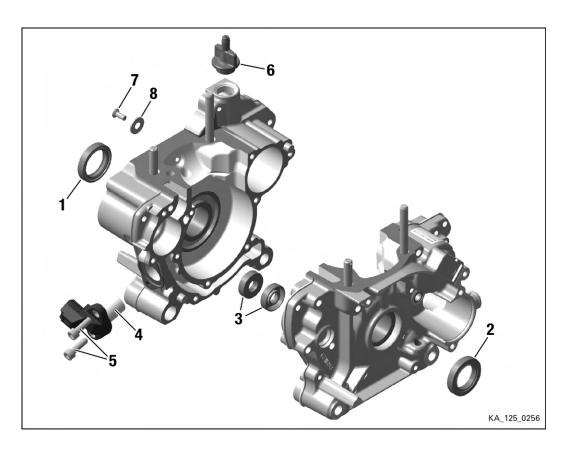


Figure 5.9: Bearing and oil seal for crankshaft

- 1 Oil seal AS 28x38x7
- 3 Oil seal A 10x26x7
- 5 Allen screw M6x20
- 7 Countersunk screw M5x12

- 2 Oil seal AS 25x38x7
- 4 Pick up sensor
- 6 Air vent screw M18x1.5
- 8 Thrust washer

### **△ WARNING**

### Danger of severe burns and scalds!

Wear heat-resistant gloves during this process!

### **DRIVETRAIN SIDE OF THE CRANKCASE**

#### Instruction

See Figure: Clutch end case half.

- 7. Remove case half (1) from the convention oven and drop onto a flat wood board. This releases the ball bearing (2) of the crankshaft and the ball bearing (3) from the case.
- 8. Invert the case half and remove the needle bushing (5) with the installation tool (4).

**Chapter 5** 

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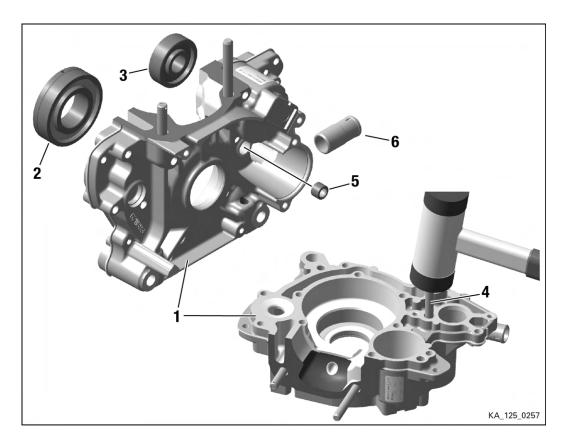


Figure 5.10: Drivetrain side of the crankcase

Crank case assy. 2 Ball bearing 6206

Ball bearing 6302 4 Installation tool part no. 676030

Needle bushing 8x12x8 6 Tube

#### **BALANCE DRIVE SIDE OF THE CRANKCASE**

### **NOTE**

The wooden board must have cutouts for the two dowels (1) and the locating pin (2) to form a flat base for the case half.

If it is necessary to replace the locating pin 8 (2), it can be removed from the hot case with a pipe wrench.

### **Instruction** See Figure: Ignition side crankcase.

- 9. Remove case half (3) from the convection oven and drop onto a flat wood board. This removes the ball bearings from the crankshaft and the balance shaft.
- 10. Allow both crankcase halves to cool to room temperature (20 °C) (274 °F).

Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

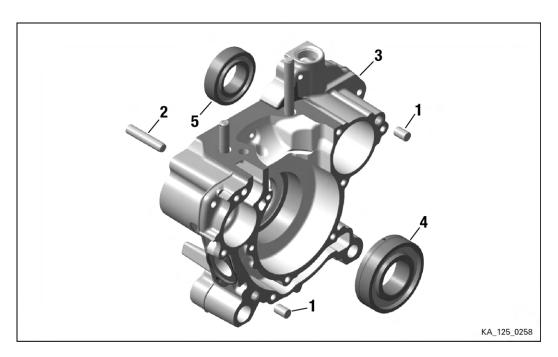


Figure 5.11: Balance drive side of the crankcase

- 1 Pin 8x12
- 3 Crankcase assy.
- 5 Ball bearing 6005

- 2 Locating pin 8 small M6x40
- 4 Ball bearing 6206

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## INSTALLATION OF THE CRANKSHAFT REPAIR KIT

### DISASSEMBLING OF THE CRANKSHAFT

Safety instructions

#### **△ WARNING**

### Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Be particularly careful when working with a tool such as a hydraulic press, and follow the instructions of the manufacturer. All repair and maintenance work must only be carried out by a qualified technician. Generally speaking, we advise to read manuals carefully and follow the instructions.

#### NOTE

Never replace e.g. only the big end bearing. The parts of the crankshaft repair kit are paired together and must therefore be exclusively used together.

#### **NOTE**

Before disassembling the crankshaft, clean the parts thoroughly with a cleaning agent (grease-free).

### Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
n.a.	Press	Crankshaft disassembling
n.a.	Dial gauge	Crankshaft measurements
276051 or 276052	crankshaft repair jig	Crankshaft

#### NOTE

All following figures show the latest version of the crankshaft repair jig (part no. 276052). The process however can be carried over to the earlier versions.

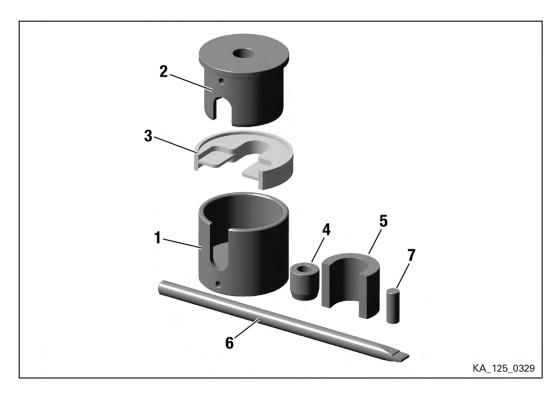


Figure 5.12: Crankshaft repair jig

Part	Part no.	Function
1		Bottom section of the repair jig
2		Top section of the repair jig
3		Thrust plate
4	276051 or 276052	Sleeve
5		Thrust ring
6		Crowbar
7		Thrust pin/old piston pin

## **NOTE**

Con rod parts are not part of the crankshaft repair jig.
The crankshaft repair kit (con rod) is available at your ROTAX® Dealer.

Part	Part no.	Description
685	011	Crankshaft repair kit (1x)
consisting of:		
1	n.a.	Con rod (1x)
2	n.a.	Con rod pin (1x)
3	n.a.	Needle bearing (1x)
4	n.a.	Thrust washers (2x)

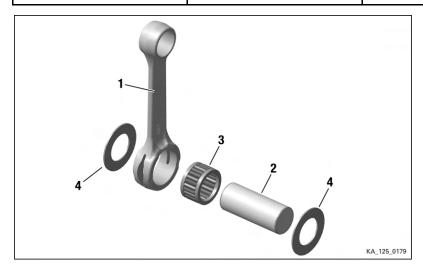


Figure 5.13: Con rod parts

1 Con rod 2 Con rod pin

3 Needle bearing 4 Thrust washer (2x)

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### Instructions

See Figure: Disassembling of the crankshaft.

### **NOTE**

Position the con rod above the bore of the bottom of the crankshaft repair jig. Otherwise the con rod pin, the crankshaft half or the bottom section may be damaged.

### **NOTE**

An adapter which is directly attached to the press stamp can be used instead of the old con rod pin.

1. Push thrust plate (2) between the two halves of the crankshaft.

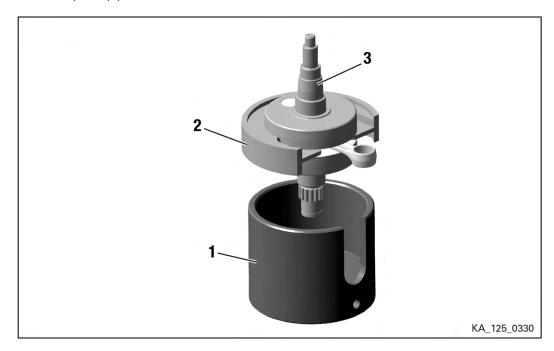


Figure 5.14

- 1 Crankshaft repair jig (tool)
- 2 Thrust plate
- 3 Drive side of the crankshaft half

\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. Position the crankshaft on the thrust plate (2) on bottom section of the tool (1) and make sure that the crankshaft matches the bore in the bottom section at the crankshaft repair jig (1).

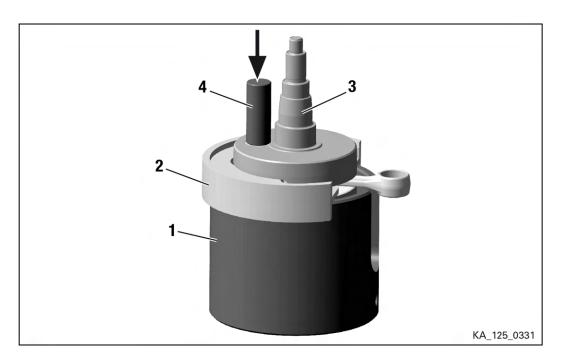


Figure 5.15

- 1 Crankshaft repair jig (tool)
- 2 Thrust plate
- 3 Drive side of the crankshaft half
- 4 Thrust pin

- 3. Position the stamp of the press with a diameter of 10 mm or the thrust pin (4) on the connecting rod pin and press the crankshaft apart.
- 4. Take an available con rod pin (1) and push the old con rod (2) with needle bearing and thrust washer onto the con rod pin. Note the installation instructions on following figure.

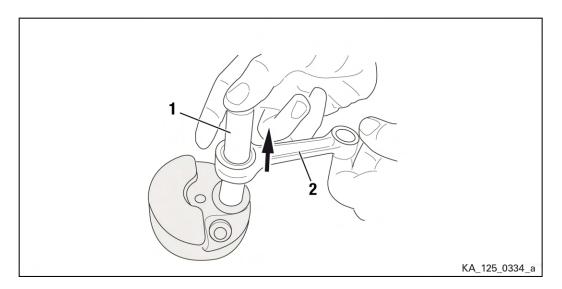


Figure 5.16

1 Con rod pin 2 Con rod

5. Take the gearbox-end of the crankshaft half (other half) and press the crank pin out completely.

### INSPECTION OF THE CRANKSHAFT

#### General

• Thoroughly clean the crankshaft with a grease-free cleaning agent.

### Instructions

See Figure: Crankshaft measurements.

- 1. Inspect the crankshaft for visible damage and traces of wear (discoloration):
  - · Cone/centered thread
  - · Bearing seats
  - · Running surface of the bearing
  - · Contact surface of the shaft seals
  - · Woodruff key groove

# Measuring the crankshaft

- 2. Measure values for the two main bearing seats (CS01), the bearing surface of the clutch (CS02) and of the piston pin (CS03).
- 3. Determine the axial play of the con rod bearing (CS04) using a feeler gauge.
- 4. Check the specific dimension (CS07).
- 5. Determine the radial clearance of the connecting rod bearing (CS05).
- 6. Check the run out of the crankshaft (CS06).

### **NOTE**

If one of the wear limits CS01 or CS02 is reached, the complete crankshaft must be replaced.

#### NOTE

If one of the wear limits CS03, CS04 or CS05 is reached, BRP-Rotax recommends use of the applicable repair kit. See also Chapter 5 Figure: Con rod parts.

#### NOTE

If the maximum approved stroke (CS06) of the crankshaft is exceeded, the crankshaft must be realigned. See also Chapter 5 Figure: Crankshaft measurements.

Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

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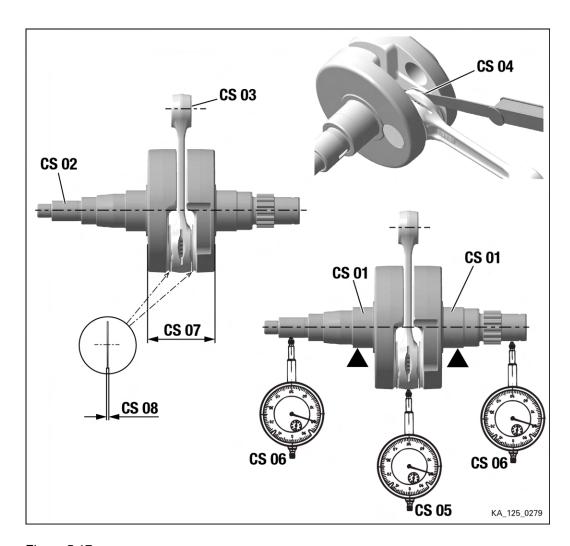


Figure 5.17

Description	Code	New dimension	Wear limit
Main bearing seat	CS01	29.980 mm - 29.995 mm	29.94 mm
Clutch bearing seat	CS02	14.98 mm - 15.003 mm	14.95 mm
Piston pin bearing seat	CS03	18.99 mm - 19.005 mm	19.015 mm
Conrod bearing axial play	CS04	0.52 mm - 0.87 mm	0.90 mm
Conrod bearing radial play	CS05	0.020 mm - 0.026 mm	0.03 mm
Stroke of crankshaft	CS06	-	0.03 mm

Description	Code	New dimension	Wear limit
Distance of crank webs	CS07	48.95 mm - 49.05 mm	-
Thrust washer thickness	CS08	1.0 mm - 1.07 mm	-

### CRANKSHAFT NOT IN SPECIFICATION

### General NOTE

If the crankshaft is not 100% aligned or exceeds the tolerance, the crankshaft must be re-aligned to fit the measurements CS04 until CS07 by following the instructions below.

#### Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
276051 or 276052	Crankshaft repair jig	Crankshaft
n.a.	Vise	

#### Instructions

See Figure: Aligning the crankshaft.

- 1. To align the crankshaft, clamp the drive end or engine end of the crankshaft half (1) in a vise (2). Use a soft material to cover the crankshaft inside the vise to project the surface.
- 2. Use the lever (3) to lift up the upper half of the crankshaft.

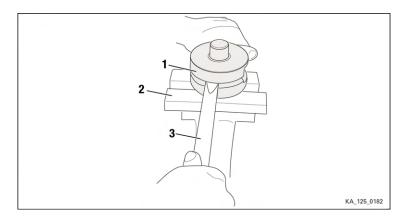


Figure 5.18: Aligning the crankshaft

1 Crankshaft half

2 Vise

3 Crowbar

3. The crankshaft can be aligned to the external diameter of the crankshaft webs with target strokes of an aluminum hammer.

Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

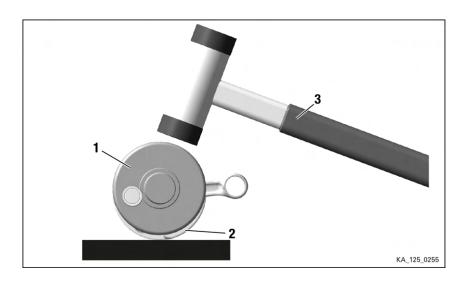


Figure 5.19: Aluminum hammer

Crankshaft half

2 Crankshaft

3 Aluminum hammer

### **CRANKSHAFT - ASSEMBLY**

#### General

### **NOTE**

Clean the bore for the connecting rod pins of the gearbox-side crankshaft half with a cleaning agent (grease-free).

### Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
n.a.	Press	Crankshaft
276051 or 276052	Crankshaft repair jig	Crankshaft
899788	LOCTITE 648	Crank pin

### Instructions

See Figure: Crankshaft assembly.

1. Apply LOCTITE 648 to the inside of the crank pin bore in both crankshaft halves.

### NOTE

Remove excess LOCTITE after pressing in, otherwise adjacent parts may be damaged.

- 2. Insert the new con rod pin (4) into the crankshaft bore.
- 3. Place the sleeve (2) over it.

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Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

4. Position the drive end crankshaft half (3) into the crankshaft repair jig (1) and press the new con rod pin (4) into the crankshaft until the con rod pin stops moving, then remove the sleeve (2).

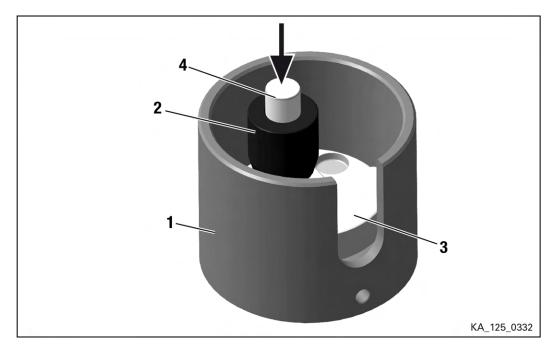


Figure 5.20

1 Crankshaft repair jig

- 2 Sleeve
- 3 Drive end crankshaft half
- 4 Con rod pin

5.

Before positioning the con rod on the pressed-in con rod pin check for:

- · corrosion or damage
- · dirt or dust particles
- · all bearing needles must be present

Slide the new con rod assy. with cage (2) from the mounting device onto the pressed-in con rod pin (1).

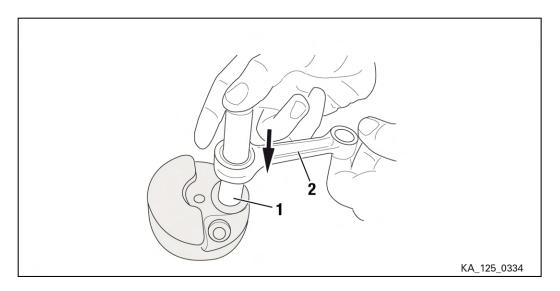


Figure 5.21

1 Con rod pin 2 Con rod assy. with cage

#### Instructions

See Figure: Crankshaft assembly.

- 6. Slide the gearbox-end crankshaft half (1) into the bottom section of the tool (2).
- 7. Clean the drive end crankshaft web hole with cleaning agent (grease-free).
- 8. Coat the hole with LOCTITE 648. Remove excess LOCTITE, otherwise the con rod may be damaged.

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Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

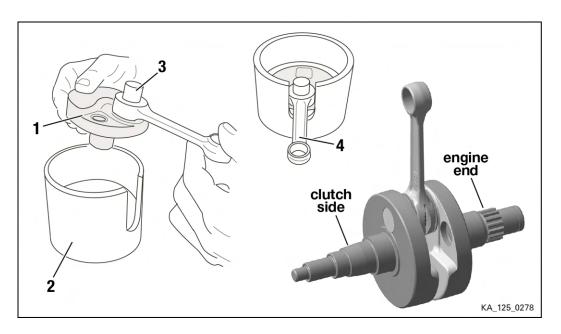


Figure 5.22

- 1 Crankshaft half (engine end)
- 3 Con rod pin

- 2 Bottom section of the repair jig
- 4 Con rod

- 9. Slide the drive-end crankshaft half (1) into the top section of the repair jig (2) and hold it by hand or with help of the M6 threaded pin (276052 only), so that it won't fall out when rotating upside down.
- 10. Hold the crankshaft half as shown in following Figure and push the top section of the tool (3) into the bottom section of the tool (2).

#### **NOTE**

A rotary movement of the con rod makes it easy to align the web hole with the con rod pin. Make sure that the crankshaft pin is not facing towards the slot in the crankshaft repair jig.

- 11. Loosen the threaded pin in the upper part of the crankshaft repair jig again and position the thrust ring (4) on the top section of the repair jig and press the two crankshaft halves together.
- 12. Measure all features of the crankshaft CS01 CS07 and make sure each one is compliant with the respective min/max measurements. For further information see section Inspection of the crankshaft.

### **NOTE**

Should the crankshaft require any adjustment make sure to check the measurement CS07 afterwards, see Inspection of the crankshaft.

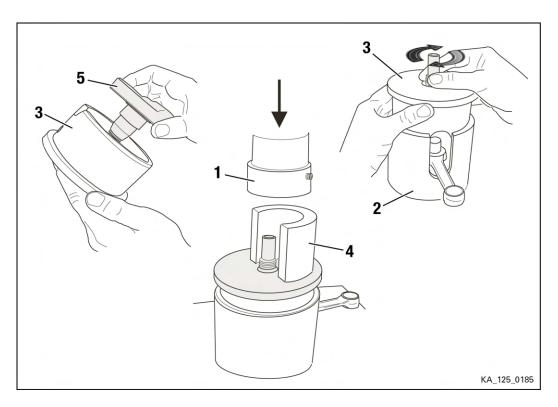


Figure 5.23: Crankshaft assembly

- 1 Press stamp
- 3 Top section of the repair jig
- 5 Crankshaft half (engine end)
- 2 Bottom section of the repair jig
- 4 Thrust ring

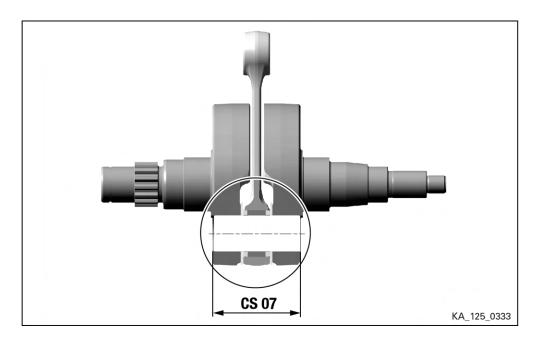


Figure 5.24: Measurement of crank webs

CS 07 = 49 mm (+ 0.05 / - 0.05)

## **CRANKCASE INSPECTION**

### **INSPECTION OF WATER PUMP DRIVE**

### Instructions

See Figure: Water pump drive.

- 1. Inspect water pump gear (1), idle gear (2) and water pump pinion (3) for any kind of wear (visual inspection).
- 2. Inspect the hole and the two axial surfaces of the idle gear (2) for signs of wear.
- 3. If the water pump gear (1), the idle gear (2) or the water pump pinion (3) show any sign of wear, replace them in pairs.

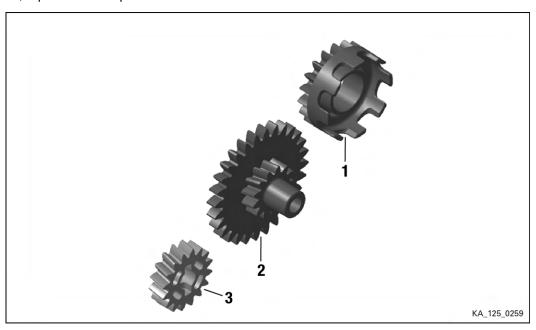


Figure 5.25: Water pump drive

1 Water pump gear 19 T

2 Idle gear 28/13 T

3 Water pump pinion 16 T

Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

## **INSPECTION OF WATER PUMP SHAFT**

### **Instruction** See Figure: Water pump shaft.

- 1. Check the water pump shaft in the areas around the two shaft seal rings; if it is excessively worn it must be replaced.
- 2. Check the impeller for damage and/or any abnormal deformation, and replace it if necessary.

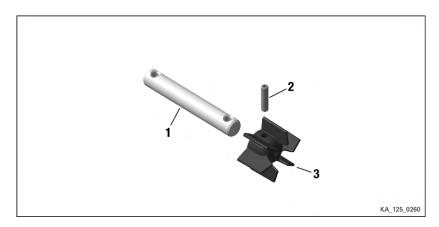


Figure 5.26: Water pump shaft

1 Pump shaft

2 Dowel 4x16

3 Impeller

### INSPECTION OF BALANCE SHAFT DRIVE

### General NOTE

If one of the balance wheels has cracks or if backlash of the balance wheels at the spline can be seen, both balance wheels must be replaced.

### **Instructions** See Figure: Balance shaft drive.

- 1. Check balance gears (1) for any kind of wear signs.
- 2. Place balance gears on the spline, the balance shaft or crankshaft and inspect balance gears for backlash at the spline.
- 3. Inspect condition of O-ring (2).

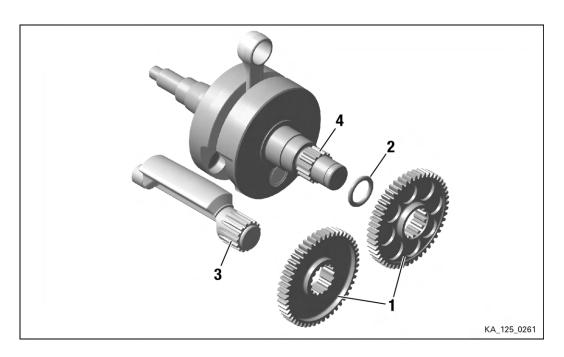


Figure 5.27: Balance shaft drive

1 Balance gear 50 T

3 Balance shaft

2 O-ring 18x3.5

4 Crankshaft assy.

## INSPECTION OF BALANCE SHAFT

#### General

### NOTE

If one of the wear limits BS10 or BS11 is reached, the balance shaft must be replaced.

### Instructions

See Figure: Balance shaft

- 1. Inspect the groove (3) for the locking ring for damage and wear.
- 2. Check the diameter of the bearing seats BS10 and BS11 for wear.

Description	Code	New dimension	Wear limit	Measured value
Main bearing seat	BS10	14.96 mm - 14.99 mm	14.94 mm	
Clutch bearing seat	BS11	24.97 mm - 24.99 mm	24.94 mm	

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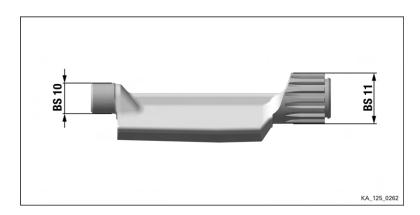


Figure 5.28: Balance shaft

## **INSPECTION OF THE HOUSING HALVES**

### Instructions

See Figure: Crankcase.

- 1. Clean both case halves with commercial detergents.
- 2. Check both halves (1) for cracks and damage (visual inspection).
- 3. Check sealing surfaces (2) for damage (visual inspection).
- 4. Check threads (3) for cleanliness and clearance.
- 5. Check that lubrication holes (4) are open and clean with compressed air as required.

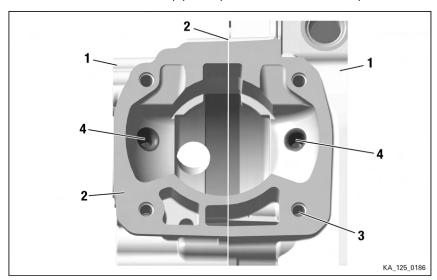


Figure 5.29: Crankcase

- 1 Case halves
- 3 Thread

- 2 Sealing surfaces
- 4 Main bearing lubrication hole

## **CRANKCASE - ASSEMBLY**

#### General

#### NOTE

Always replace old gaskets, circlips, O-rings and oil seals with new ones after disassembling.

### Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Use
n.a.	Convection oven or heating plate	Case halves
676030	Installation tool	Needle bearing
676010	Mounting sleeve	Shaft seal
676021	Installation tool	
n.a.	2-stroke engine oil	Shaft seal
n.a.	KLUEBER ISOFLEX TO- PAS NB52	Shaft seal

## INSTALLATION OF OIL SEAL, BALL BEARING AND NEEDLE BUSHING

### **⚠ WARNING**

Danger of severe burns and scalds!

Wear heat-resistant gloves during this process!

#### Instruction

See Figure: Oil seal installation.

- 1. Heat both crankcase halves to 150 °C (302 °F) in the convection oven.
- 2. Remove the drivetrain side of the crankcase and place on a flat wood board.
- 3. Coat the oil seal AS 28x38x7 (1) with engine oil in the area between the sealing lip and dust lip.
- 4. Press in the oil seal for shaft to the stop with the mounting sleeve (part no. 676010) from inside to outside so the open end of the oil seal for shaft is directed inward.

#### NOTE

The oil seal for shaft can also be installed from outside to inside if the crankshaft is installed.

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Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

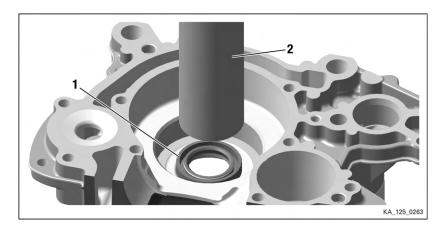


Figure 5.30: Oil seal installation

1 Oil seal AS 28x38x7

2 Mounting tool part no. 676010

### Instruction

See Figure: Ball bearing.

5. Slide the ball bearing (1) of the crankshaft into the crankcase half to the limit stop so the closed side of the cage is facing to the crankshaft.

### **NOTE**

The labeling of the ball bearing must be visible!

6. Slide the ball bearing (2) of the balance shaft into the crankcase half to the limit stop so the closed side of the cage is facing to the balance shaft.



Figure 5.31: Ball bearing

1 Ball bearing 6206

2 Ball bearing 6302

Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

### **Instruction** See Figure: Needle bushing.

- 7. Press in the needle bushing 8x12x8 (1) to the limit stop with the installation tool (2) (part no. 676030) so the label on the needle bearing is facing outwards.
- 8. Allow both crankcase halves to cool to room temperature (about 20 °C / 274 °F).

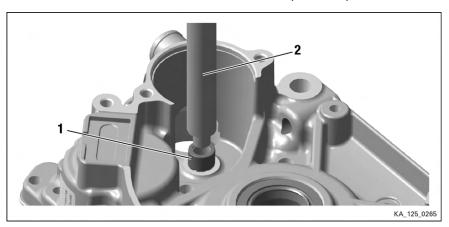


Figure 5.32: Needle bushing

1 Needle bushing 8x12x8

2 Installation tool (part no. 676030)

### INSTALLATION OF BALL BEARING AND OIL SEAL FOR CRANKCASE

#### **⚠ WARNING**

Danger of severe burns and scalds!

Wear heat-resistant gloves during this process!

#### Instruction

- 1. Remove the drivetrain side of the crankcase and place on a flat wood board.
- 2. Slide the ball bearing (1) of the balance shaft into the crankcase half to the limit stop so the closed side of the cage is facing the balance drive.
- 3. Install the thrust washer (2) and countersunk screw (3) with the phase of the lock washer pointing to the countersunk screw.
- 4. Coat the oil seal (4) for the ignition end crankcase half with oil in the area between the sealing lip and dust lip.
- 5. Press in the oil seal (4) to the limit stop with the insertion sleeve (5) (part no. 676010) so the open end of the oil seal for shaft is directed to the balance drive.

#### **NOTE**

The oil seal for shaft can also be installed from outside to inside if the crankshaft is installed.

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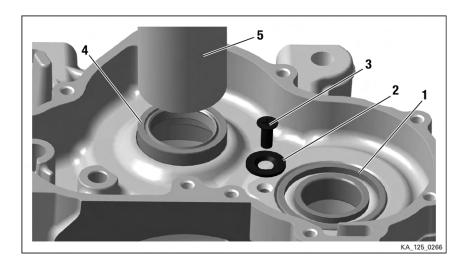


Figure 5.33: Ball bearing, oil seal

- 1 Ball bearing 6005
- 3 Countersunk screw M5x12
- 5 Insertion sleeve (part no. 676010)
- 2 Thrust washer
- 4 Oil seal AS 28x38x7

#### Instruction

See Figure: Insertion jig.

- 6. Rotate crankcase half.
- 7. Slide the ball bearing (1) of the crankshaft into the crankcase half to the limit stop so the closed side of the cage is facing to the crankshaft.
- 8. Grease the two oil seals for shaft (10x26x7) with KLUEBER ISOFLEX TOPAS NB52 in the area of the sealing lip.
- 9. Press in the first oil seal for shaft to the limit stop with the Insertion jig (3) (part no. 676021) so the closed end of the oil seal (2) for shaft is visible.
- 10. Grease the installed oil seal for shaft with KLUEBER ISOFLEX TOPAS NB52.
- 11. Press in the second oil seal for shaft to the limit stop with the installation tool (8) (part no. 676021) so the open end of the oil seal (4) for shaft is visible.
- 12. Allow the crankcase halves to cool in this position.

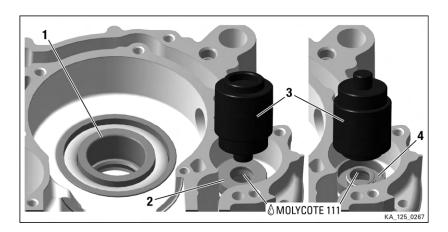


Figure 5.34: Insertion jig

- 1 Ball bearing 6206
- 3 Insertion jig

- 2 Oil seal 10x26x7
- 4 Oil seal 10x26x7 (open end)

## ASSEMBLY OF CRANKSHAFT, WATER PUMP SHAFT AND BALANCE SHAFT

#### Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required.

Part no.	Description	Field of application
297434	LOCTITE Anti-Seize	Balance shaft, crankshaft

#### Instruction

See Figure: Crankshaft, Balancs shaft, Water pump shaft

- 1. Coat main bearing seats of the crankshaft (1) with LOCTITE Anti-Seize.
- 2. Insert the crankshaft assy. (1) as shown on the picture into the crankcase half.
- 3. Coat bearing seats of the balance shaft (2) with LOCTITE Anti-Seize.
- 4. Insert the balance shaft (2) as shown on the picture into the crankcase half.
- 5. Insert the water pump shaft (3) as shown on the picture into the crankcase half.
- 6. Position new gasket (4) as shown on the picture into the crankcase half.

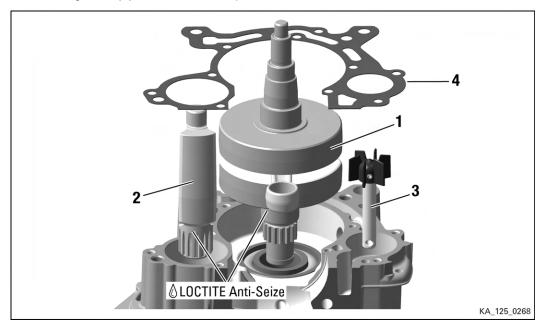


Figure 5.35: Crankshaft, Balance shaft, Water pump shaft

1 Crankshaft assy.

2 Balance shaft

3 Water pump shaft

4 Gasket

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### **ASSEMBLY OF THE CRANKCASE**

### General NOTE

When using new studs for the assembly of the cylinder, first screw the long side of the threaded studs into the housing and secure them with LOCTITE 243. Tightening torque 10 Nm.

When using new housing halves insert new dowel pins!

#### Instruction

#### **NOTICE**

Pay attention on the different lengths of the Allen. screws! Tighten the Allen. screws crosswise, start in the middle of the housing.

- 1. Insert a new housing gasket part no. 650494 included in the gasket set part no. 296160.
- Mount both housing halves together with 8 Allen screws M6x45 and 2 Allen screws M6x60 (see mounting plan) together.
   Tightening torque 10 Nm.
- 3. Attach the crankcase assy. on trestle mounting plate with 4 attachment screws.

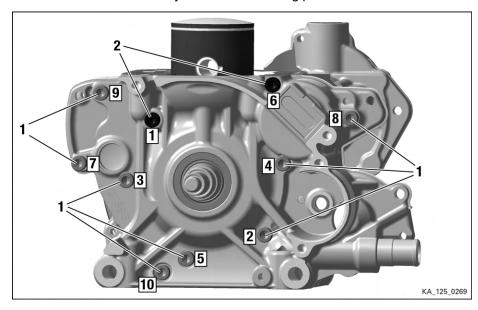


Figure 5.36: Tightening sequence 1-10

1 Allen screw M6x45

- 2 Allen screw M6x60
- Cut off the protruding section of the crankcase gasket with a sharp knife at the cylinder base surface.



## INSTALLATION OF CRANKCASE ASSY.

#### Final tasks

- 1. Install cylinder assy. See Chapter 4).
- 2. Install balance drive and centrifugal clutch. See Chapter 7).
- 3. Take the engine off the assembly stand. See Chapter 3).
- 4. Install the engine in the kart chassis. See Chapter 3).
- 5. Filling the gear housing with oil. See Chapter 7).
- 6. Install the fuel line. See Chapter 3).
- 7. Install the exhaust system. See Chapter 9).
- 8. Install the carburetor and air filter. See Chapter 6).
- 9. Install the water pump hoses. See Chapter 8).
- 10. Install the ignition system. See Chapter 3).

### INSTALLATION OF BALANCE AND WATER-PUMP SHAFT DRIVE

#### Instruction

See Figure: Crankcase.

- 1. Insert the O-ring (1) in the crankshaft groove.
- 2. Rotate crankshaft to TDC.
- 3. Slide the balance gear (4) with hub collar outwards on the crankshaft until the markings (6) on the crankshaft and the balance gear match.
- 4. Slide the balance shaft gear (5) with hub collar inwards on the balance shaft until the markings (6) on the balance shaft and the balance gear match.

Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

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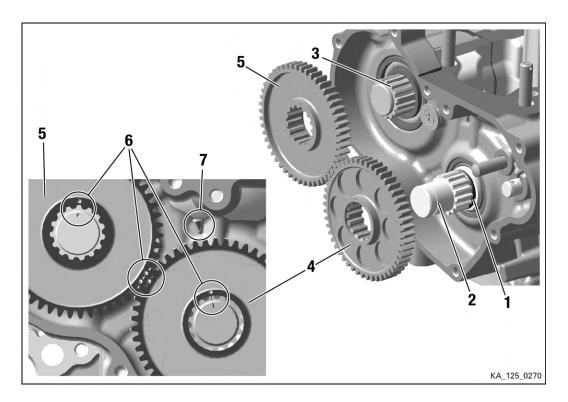


Figure 5.37: Crankcase

- 1 O-ring 18x3.5
- 3 Balance shaft gear
- 5 Balance shaft gear
- 7 TDC position marking

- 2 Crankshaft
- 4 Balance gear
- 6 Positioning marking

### Instruction

See Figure: Idle gear.

crankshaft.

5. Slide the water pump gear (1) onto the crankshaft.

### **NOTICE**

**Do not bend the retaining ring during installation.**Install a new retaining ring on the balance shaft and crankshaft.

- 6. Check that the retaining ring (2) is correctly seated in the grooves of the balance shaft and
- 7. Install the thrust washer (3), needle pin (4) and water pump pinion (5) on the water-pump shaft.
- 8. Check the seating of the needle pin (4) in the cutout in the water pump pinion.
- 9. Install the idle gear (7) on the cylindrical pin in the case.

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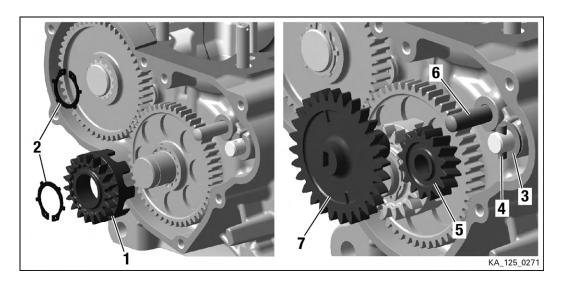


Figure 5.38: Idle gear

- 1 Water pump gear 19 T
- 3 Thrust washer 10.1/17/1
- 5 Water pump pinion 16 T
- 7 Idle gear 28/13 T

- 2 Retaining ring with lug 20x1.2
- 4 Needle pin 4x15.8
- 6 Locating pin 8 small M6x40
- 10. Position new gasket (1) on the case.
- 11. Screw on gear cover (2) with 6 Allen screws M6x25 (4) with sealing ring A 6x10 (3) and 2 Allen screws M6x30 (5). Tightening torque 10 Nm (90 in. lb).

### **NOTE**

Use sealing ring A6x10 to seal the oil drainage plug and oil level plug.

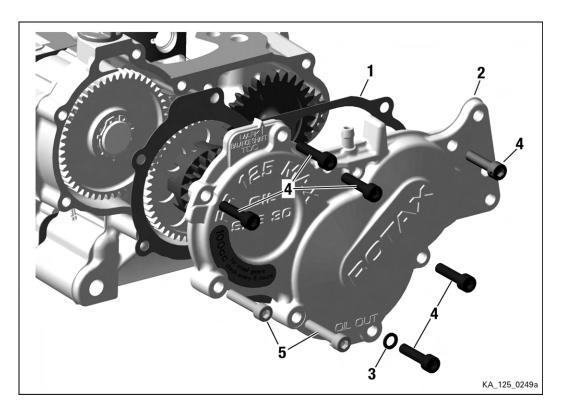


Figure 5.39

- 1 Gasket
- 3 Sealing ring A 6x10
- 5 Allen screw M6x30

- 2 Gearbox cover
- 4 Allen screw M6x25

# Chapter: Chapter 6 CARBURETOR AND INTAKE SILENCER

### **TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER**

System description	2
Removal of the carburetor and intake silencer	3
Removal of the carburetor and intake silencer	3
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Assembly of intake silencer	12
Installation of fuel pump, carburetor	13

### **Contents**

This chapter describes the removal and installation of the carburetor and intake silencer assembly for the ROTAX® 125 MAX evo (incl. Junior-, Mini-, Micro MAX evo) engine. The description is divided into subsections.

### **SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

#### Overview

Position on engine

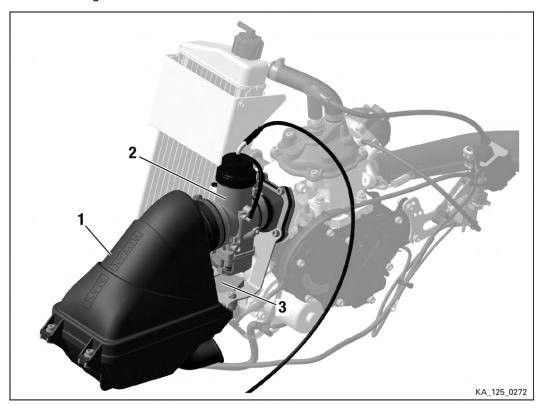


Figure 6.1: Position on engine, TYPICAL (Figure shows 125 MAX evo engine)

- 1 Intake silencer
- 3 Fuel pump

2 Carburetor

### REMOVAL OF THE CARBURETOR AND INTAKE SILENCER

### Safety instructions

#### **△ WARNING**

### Danger of explosion and ignition!

Overflowing and spoilt gasoline must be absorbed immediately with a binding agent and correctly disposed. Do not work with open flames and sources of ignition. Fuel must not come into contact with hot parts such as engine or exhaust since this may cause a fire!.

#### **Preparation**

The following preparations should be carried out before removing the components: See Figure: Carburetor and intake silencer.

- 1. Pull off fuel pipe between the fuel tank and fuel pump from the fuel pump (4) and seal it with a screw.
- 2. Remove the Bowden cable. See also Chapter 3).

#### REMOVAL OF THE CARBURETOR AND INTAKE SILENCER

Instruction

See Figure: Carburetor and intake silencer.

### **NOTICE**

Fuel may spill out when removing the carburetor.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE**

#### Protect the environment!

Use a container to collect the fuel from the carburetor.

To remove the carburetor and intake silencer the following steps are required:

- 1. Remove the fuel line (1) between the fuel pump (4) and the carburetor.
- 2. Remove the impulse line (2).
- 3. Loosen the hose clamp (7).
- 4. Loosen 3 Allen screws (5) and remove the carburetor (3) along with the intake silencer (8), support bracket (6) and fuel pump (4).

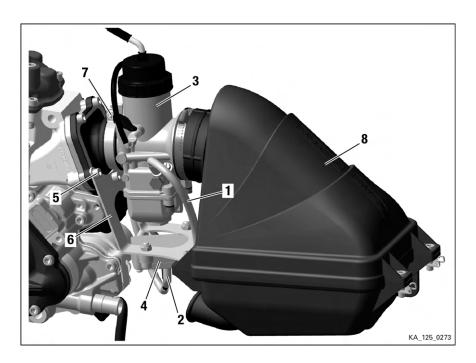


Figure 6.2: Carburetor and intake silencer

- 1 Fuel line to the carburetor
- 3 Carburetor
- 5 Allen screw M6x25
- 7 Pipe clamp 51

- 2 Impulse line
- 4 Fuel pump
- 6 Support bracket
- 8 Intake silencer

### **REMOVAL OF THE FUEL PUMP**

**Instruction** See Figure: Fuel pump.

To remove the fuel pump the following steps are required:

- 1. Loosen 2 Allen screws M6 with washers fixed by lock nuts.
- 2. Remove the fuel pump (1) from the support bracket (2).

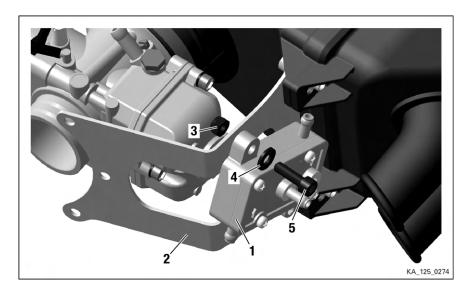


Figure 6.3: Fuel pump

- 1 Fuel pump
- 3 Lock nut M6
- 5 Allen screw M6x20

- 2 Support bracket
- 4 Washer 6.4

### **DISASSEMBLY OF THE CARBURETOR**

1. Disassembly of the carburetor to the parts shown in Figure: Carburetor and clean them with

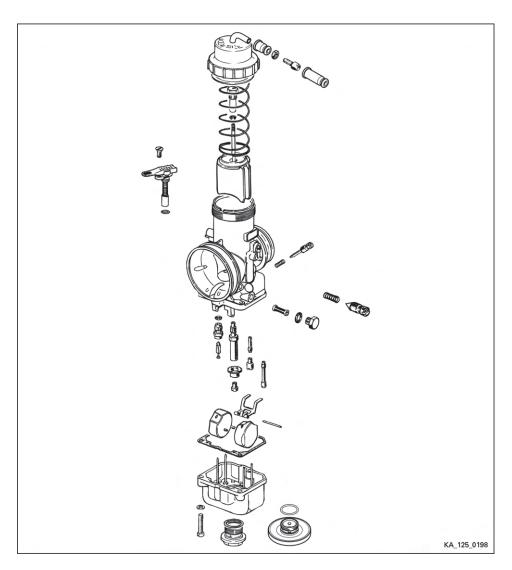


Figure 6.4: Carburetor

### **DISASSEMBLY OF THE INTAKE SILENCER**

Intake silencer See Figure: Intake silencer.

1. Disassemble the intake silencer to the parts shown in following Figure.

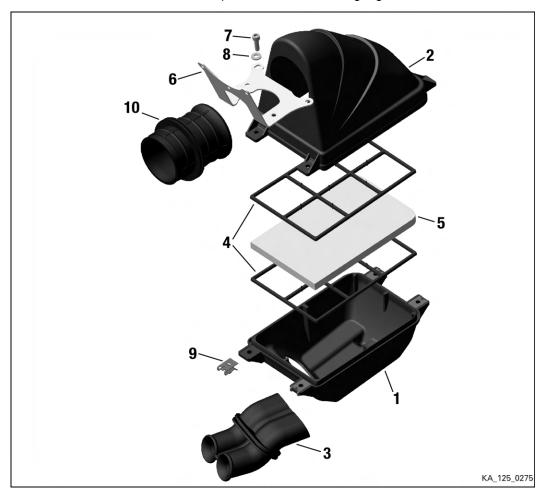


Figure 6.5: Intake silencer

- 1 Intake silencer case
- 3 Intake silencer tube
- 5 Filter element
- 7 Washer 6.4
- 9 Nut M6

- 2 Intake silencer cover
- 4 Filter element support/holder
- 6 Support bracket
- 8 Allen screw M6x20

# CARBURETOR AND INTAKE SILENCER – INSPECTION OF COMPONENTS

In the case of problems with the fuel supply the carburetor should be checked: First the components should be cleaned and then inspected.

### INSPECTION OF THE CARBURETOR

#### Instruction

See Figure: Carburetor.

- 1. Clean the fuel filter (1) and make sure that it is in good condition.
- 2. Blow compressed air through the holes in the carburetor housing (2) and the jets (3, 4, 5, 6 and 7) and make sure that there is no pollution to have an easy and free flow.
- 3. Check that the clip (8) is tightly seated on the jet needle (9).

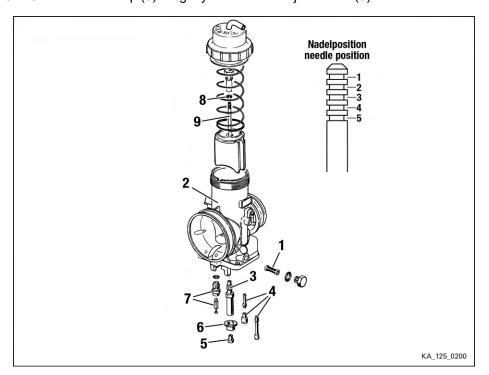


Figure 6.6: Carburetor

- 1 Fuel filter
- 3 Needle jet DP 267
- 5 Main jet
- Needle valve 150 (standard) 200 (optional)
- 9 Jet needle K 57

- 2 Carburetor housing
- 4 Idling and starter jets
- 6 Main jet cup
- 8 Clip

\_\_\_\_\_

### INSPECTION OF THE FUEL PUMP

General NOTE

Only the complete membrane and gasket set of the fuel pump can be replaced.

Fuel pump gasket set: Part no. 296165

**Instruction** See Figure: Fuel pump.

1. Check the condition of the impulse pipe (1), fuel line (2) and fuel overflow line (3) and in case of doubt replace them.

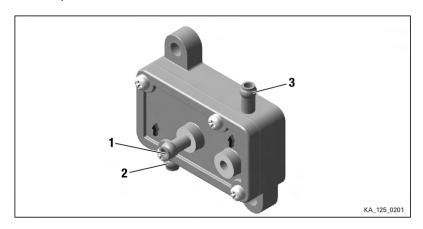


Figure 6.7: Fuel pump

1 Impulse pipe

2 Fuel line (from fuel tank)

3 Fuel line (to carburetor)

### INSPECTION OF THE INTAKE SILENCER

#### General

### **NOTICE**

A damaged filter element must be replaced immediately. Otherwise dirt particles can enter the intake and cause damage to the engine.

### **Instruction** See Figure: Intake silencer.

- 1. Inspect the silencer case (1) and silencer cover (2) for cracks.
- 2. Inspect the intake silencer tube (3) and carburetor socket (10) for cracks or porosity.
- 3. Clean the filter element (5) with filter cleaner and oil it afterwards slightly with air filter oil.
- 4. Inspect the filter element (5) and filter element holders (4) for cracks.

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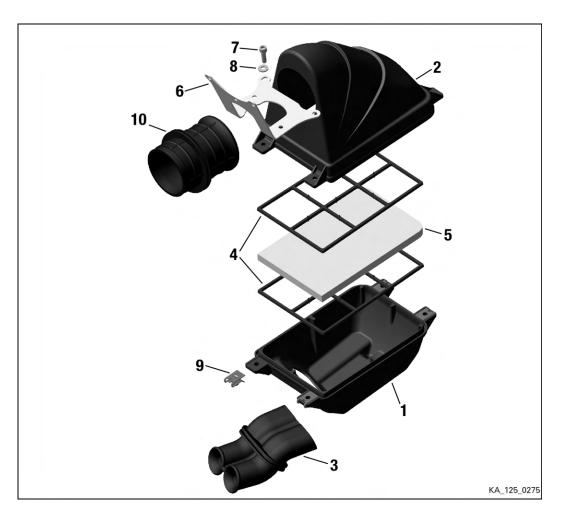


Figure 6.8: Intake silencer

- 1 Intake silencer case
- 3 Intake silencer tube
- 5 Filter element
- 7 Washer 6.4
- 9 Nut M6

- 2 Intake silencer cover
- 4 Filter element support/holder
- 6 Support bracket
- 8 Allen screw M6x20

### INSTALLING THE CARBURETOR AND INTAKE SILENCER

### **ASSEMBLY OF CARBURETOR**

### Instruction NOTE

Use ROTAX® gasket set, part no. 293834.

1. Assemble the components in the opposite succession as you disassembled them. See also Chapter 6) section: Disassembly of the carburetor.

### **ASSEMBLY OF FLOAT HOUSING**

### General NOTE

The tips of the bracket must be at the same height. Adjust them if necessary. In this check the float chamber should not have been fitted.

#### Instruction

The following steps are required to install the float housing:

See Figure: Float chamber

- 1. Check the position of the float attachment (1) in its installed state.
- 2. When the floats (2) are inserted you should be able to see the word "ALTO" on their top surfaces.
- 3. Install and adjust the Bowden cable in accordance with the operating instructions.
- 4. Set the idle adjuster screw (3) and adjustment screw kit (4).

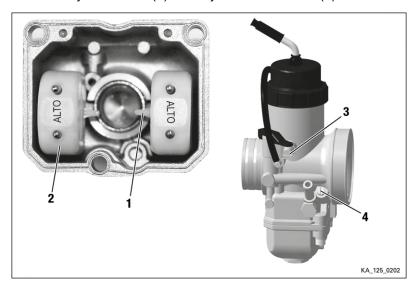


Figure 6.9: Float chamber

1 Float attachment

2 Float 4.0

3 Adjustment screw

4 Adjustment screw kit

### **ASSEMBLY OF INTAKE SILENCER**

General NOTE

Before assembly, first immerse the filter element in filter oil. Squeeze out excess

oil.

**Instruction** The following steps are required to install the intake silencer:

1. Assemble the components in the opposite succession as you disassembled them. See also Chapter 6. section: Disassembly of the intake silencer.

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Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

### **INSTALLATION OF FUEL PUMP, CARBURETOR**

### Safety instructions

### **△ WARNING**

### Danger of explosion and ignition!

Overflowing and spoilt gasoline must be absorbed immediately with a binding agent and correctly disposed. Do not work with open flames and sources of ignition. Fuel must not come into contact with hot parts such as engine or exhaust since this may cause a fire!.

### **NOTE**

When assembling the parts make sure that the pipes are connected to the correct terminal!

#### **Preparation**

The following preparations should be carried out before installing the components:

### Installation of fuel pump

- → Install the fuel pump with two M6x20 cylinder screws and new locknuts with washers onto the support bracket. Tightening torque 10Nm (89 in. lb)
- → Install support bracket with fuel pump onto the carburetor flange using 3 Allen screws M6x25. Tightening torque 7 Nm (62 in. lb).

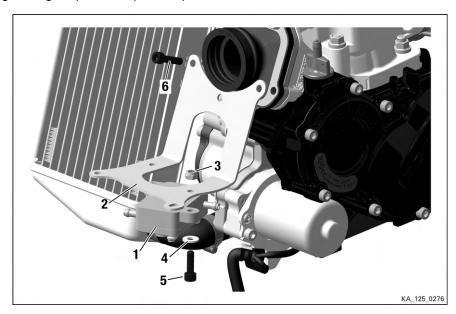


Figure 6.10: Fuel pump

- 1 Fuel pump
- 3 Lock nut M6
- 5 Allen screw M6x20

- 2 Support bracket
- 4 Washer 6.4
- 6 Allen screw M6x25

### Instruction

To install the carburetor and intake silencer the following steps are required:

See Figure: Carburetor and intake silencer.

- 1. Pull the hose clamp (3) over the carburetor flange.
- 2. Push the carburetor (1) onto the carburetor flange (2) and fasten the hose clamp (3).
- 3. Secure the intake silencer (4) with the hose clamp (5) on the carburetor.
- 4. Secure the intake silencer on the support bracket (6).
- 5. Check the Bowden cable (11) for wear, especially where it bends. Bends can cause the throttle to be stuck in fully open. See Chapter 9.
- 6. Connect the fuel feed line (9) and Bowden cable (11) to the carburetor.
- 7. Connect the impulse pipe (10).

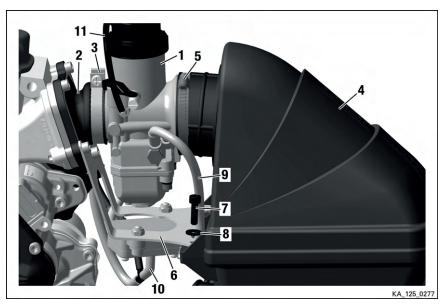


Figure 6.11: Carburetor and intake silencer

- 1 Carburetor
- 3 Hose clamp
- 5 Hose clamp 51
- 7 Allen screw M6x25
- 9 Fuel feed tube/line
- Bowden cable (loosely, not mounted in fig.)

- 2 Carburetor flange
- 4 Intake silencer
- 6 Support bracket
- 8 Washer 6.4
- 0 Impulse pipe

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# Chapter: Chapter 7 CENTRIFUGAL CLUTCH, PRIMARY AND BALANCE DRIVE

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### Contents

This chapter describes the disassembly and assembly of the centrifugal clutch and the primary and balance drive for the ROTAX® 125 MAX evo (incl. Junior-, Mini-, Micro MAX evo) engine. The description is broken down into subsections.

### **SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

### Overview

Position on engine

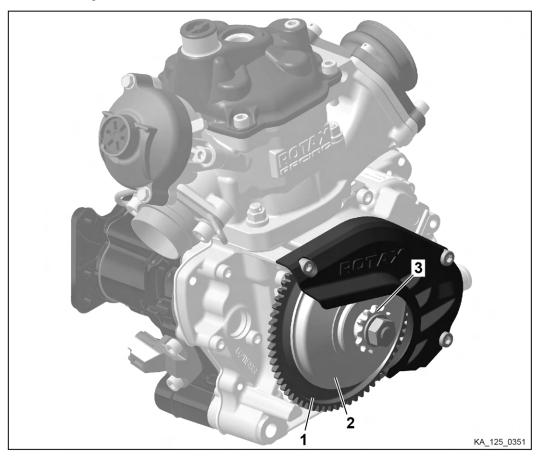


Figure 7.1: Clutch and starter gear assy.

1 Starter gear assy.

2 Clutch drum

3 Sprocket

#### Overview Components of clutch and starter assy.

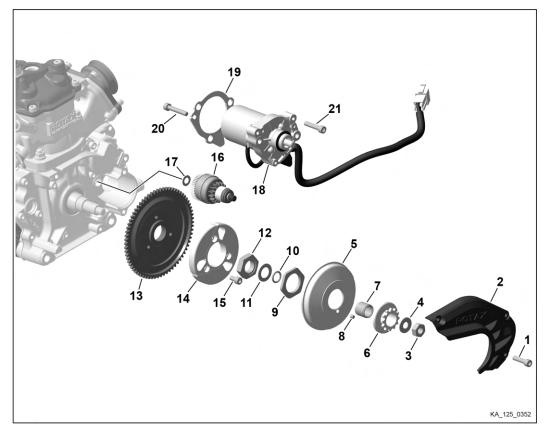


Figure 7.2

1	Allen screw M6x25	2	Chain protection
3	Hex. nut M10x1	4	Thrust washer
5	Clutch drum	6	Sprocket
7	Plain bearing (11T sprockets) or needle cage (all other sprockets)	8	Needle pin 5x5
9	Hex. nut 28x1	10	O-ring
11	Thrust washer 15.2	12	Hex. nut M20x1.5
13	Starter gear	14	Clutch
15	Allen screw M6x12	16	Starter reduction gear assy.
17	Thrust washer 8.5	18	Electric starter
19	Starter support	20	Allen screw M6x35

### REMOVAL OF THE CLUTCH AND STARTER GEAR ASSY.

### REMOVAL OF THE CENTRIFUGAL CLUTCH ASSY.

Safety instructions

#### **⚠ WARNING**

Danger of severe burns and scalds! Always allow the engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting any work.

### **⚠ WARNING**

### Danger of explosion and ignition!

Overflowing and split gasoline must be absorbed immediately with a binding agent and correctly disposed of. Do not work with open flames and sources of ignition. Fuel must not be allowed to come into contact with hot engine parts and components.

### REMOVAL OF THE ELECTRIC STARTER

Instruction See Figure: Electric starter

- 1. Disconnect electrical connection from the starter.
- 2. Remove the electric starter (1) completely by unscrewing 2 Allen screws M6x35 (3) from the crankcase and gearbox case.

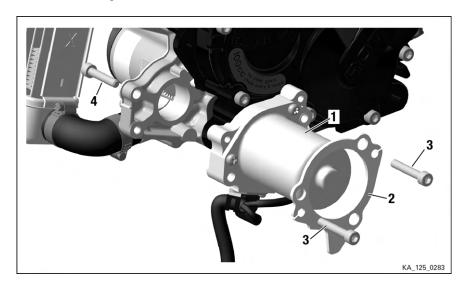


Figure 7.3: Electric starter

- 1 Electric starter
- 3 Allen screw M6x35

- 2 Starter support
- 4 Allen screw M6x30

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Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

### REMOVAL OF THE CLUTCH DRUM

### **Special tools**

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Use
277381	Locking tool	Spark plug thread
676205	Fixation tool assy.	Starter gear assy.

### Preparation

• Remove the chain protection (1).

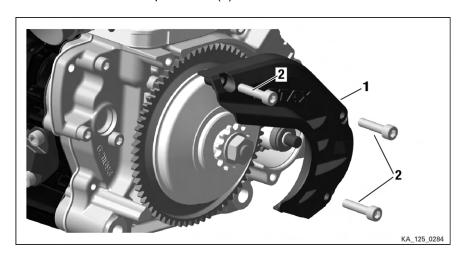


Figure 7.4: Cover

1 Chain protection

2 Allen screw M6x25

### Instructions

- 1. Remove the spark plug.
- 2. Preferred method 1: screw in fixation tool for crankshaft (1) into the spark plug hole to the limit stop.
- 3. Method 2: insert fixation tool assembly (2) (part no. 676205) in the starter gear assembly.

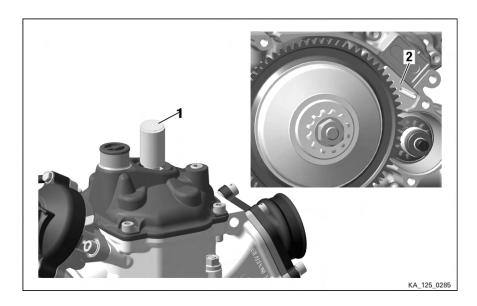


Figure 7.5

- 1 Fixation tool for crankshaft
- 2 Fixation tool assy.

4. Unscrew and remove hex nut (1).

5. Remove thrust washer (2), clutch drum with sprocket (3), needle cage (4) O-ring (5) and thrust washer 15.2 (6).

### **NOTE**

With the sprocket with 11 teeth a plain bearing is used instead of the needle cage (4). It is pressed into the sprocket.

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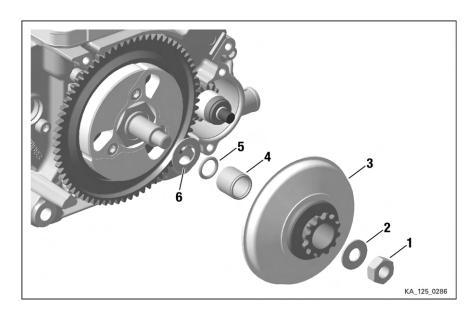


Figure 7.6

- 1 Hex. nut M10x1
- 3 Clutch drum
- 5 O-ring

- 2 Thrust washer
- 4 Needle cage / Plain bearing
- 6 Thrust washer 15.2

### REMOVAL OF THE SPROCKET

**Instruction** See Figure: Fixation tool

- 1. Fix fixation tool for sprocket (1) in a vise.
- 2. Insert clutch drum (4) with installed sprocket (2) into the corresponding toothed cutout.
- 3. Unscrew the hex nut (5) for the sprocket.
- 4. Remove the sprocket from the clutch drum.

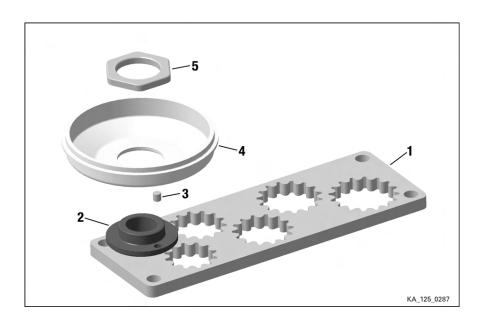


Figure 7.7: Fixation tool

- 1 Fixation tool
- 3 Needle pin 5x5
- 5 Hex. nut

- 2 Sprocket
- 4 Clutch drum

### REMOVAL OF THE STARTER GEAR ASSY.

### Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
276016	Puller assy.	Starter gear assy.
277381	Fixation tool	Spark plug thread
676205	Fixation tool assy.	Starter gear assy.

### Instructions

Proceed as follows to remove the starter gear assy.:

- 1. Method 1: screw in fixation tool for crankshaft (1) into the spark plug thread to the limit stop.
- 2. Method 2: insert fixation tool assy. (2) (part no. 676205) in the starter gear assy.

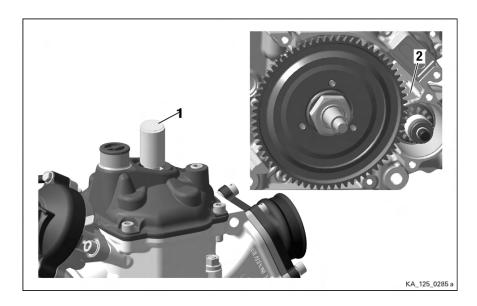


Figure 7.8: Fixation tool

1 Fixation tool (crankshaft)

2 Fixation tool (starter gear)

- 3. Remove the clutch (3).
- 4. Unscrew hex. nut M20 (4).

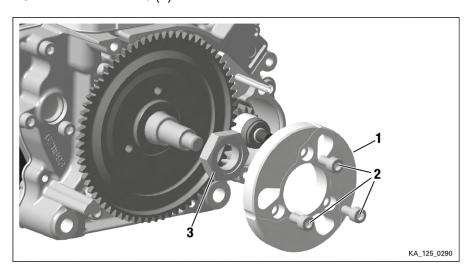


Figure 7.9: Clutch

1 Clutch

2 Allen screw M6x12

3 Hex. nut M28x1

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5. Fasten the puller assy. (1) to the starter gear assembly with 3 Allen screws M6x60 (2).

### **NOTE**

Make sure the screws do not touch the housing. Do not screw them in too far.

- 6. Pull out starter gear assy. (3).
- 7. Remove starter reduction gear assy. (4) with the thrust washer (5) below.

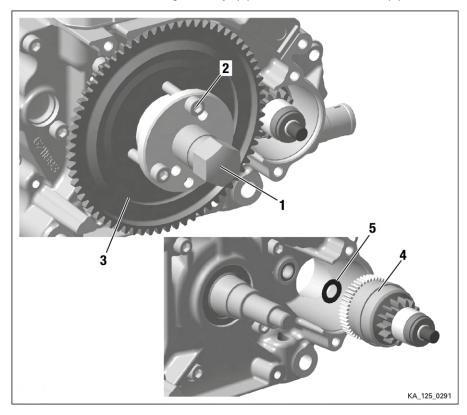


Figure 7.10: Starter gear assy.

- 1 Puller assy.
- 3 Starter gear assy.
- 5 Thrust washer

- 2 Allen screws M6x60
- 4 Starter reduction gear

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### INSPECTION OF CLUTCH AND STARTER GEAR ASSY.

### INSPECTION OF THE CLUTCH DRUM

General

If the clutch drum starts to tumble when the engine is idling with a sprocket with 11 teeth, this indicates a worn out bearing. Please replace the bearing immediately.

#### Instructions

1. Inpect clutch drum for signs of wear and replace if applicable.

### INSPECTION OF THE NEEDLE CAGE AND SPROCKET

Instructions

See Figure: Clutch drum, plain bearing / needle cage, sprocket

- 1. Inspect the thrust washers (2) and (3) for signs of wear and replace if applicable.
- 2. Inspect the needle cage (4) or bearing sleeve for signs of wear and replace if applicable.
- 3. Inspect the teeth of the sprocket (5) for wear (compare) and replace if applicable.

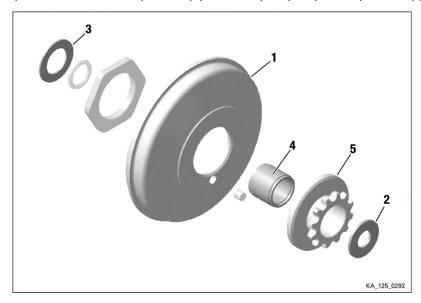


Figure 7.11: Clutch drum, plain bearing / needle cage, sprocket

1 Clutch drum

2 Thrust washer

3 Thrust washer 15.2

4 Plain bearing / needle cage

5 Sprocket

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### INSPECTION OF THE STARTER REDUCTION GEAR ASSY.

### General NOTE

In one direction of rotation the two gear wheels can be rotated together, in the other direction of rotation the two gears move apart and finally lock.

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#### Instructions

See Figure: Starter reduction gear assy.

- 1. Clean starter reduction gear assy. (1).
- 2. Inspect the gear wheels (2) for wear.
- 3. Inspect the operation of the starter reduction gear assy.

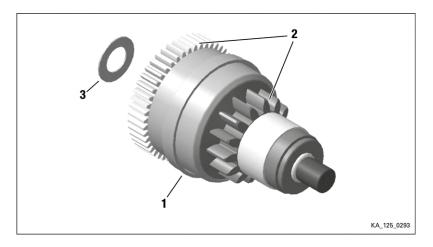


Figure 7.12: Starter reduction gear assy.

1 Starter reduction gear

2 Gear wheels

3 Thrust washer

### INSPECTION OF THE ELECTRIC STARTER

### General

#### NOTE

If the electric starter is malfunctioning, the cause is generally that the two carbon brushes are worn or defective. In this case all parts in the electric starter repair kit must be renewed.

#### Instructions

See Figure: Electric starter

1. Check starter cable (1).

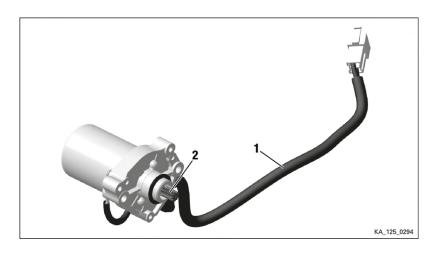
#### NOTE

If the starter cable is faulty, the starter cable assy. can be replaced.

- 2. Inspect parts of the electric starter.
- 3. Check teeth (2) for deformation and wear.

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2 Teeth

Figure 7.13: Electric starter

1 Starter cable

### INSPECTION OF THE CLUTCH AND STARTER GEAR ASSY.

Instructions

See Figure: Clutch and starter gear assy.

- 1. Check the hole (1) in the clutch (2).
- 2. Check the teeth of the starter gear assy. (3) for damage or deformation.
- 3. Remove LOCTITE residue from the taper (4) of the starter gear assy.

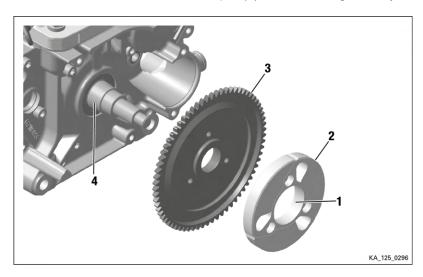


Figure 7.14: Clutch and starter gear assy.

Clutch hole
 Starter gear
 Taper

### **ELECTRIC STARTER REPAIR KIT**

Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Use
281262	Electric starter repair kit	Electric starter

#### Instructions

See Figure: Electric starter

- 1. Remove the starter housing from the crankcase and gearbox case by unscrewing 2 Allen screws.
- 2. Disconnect electrical connection (5) from the starter (4).
- 3. Unscrew the starter housing screws (8).

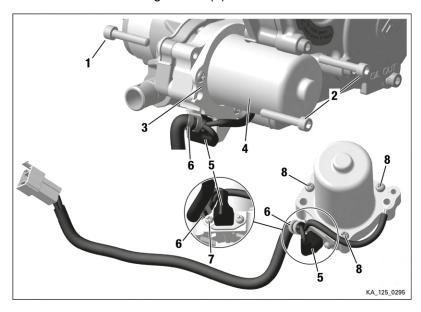


Figure 7.15: Electric starter

- 1 Allen screw M6x30
- 3 Starter support
- 5 Pick up sensor
- 7 Allen or TAPTITE screw M6x20
- 2 Allen screw M6x35
- 4 Electric starter
- 6 Starter cable
- 8 Starter housing screws

### **DISASSEMBLING OF ELECTRIC STARTER**

Instructions

See Figure: Electric starter disassembly

NOTE

Take care not to loose the spring-loaded sliding contacts.

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- 1. Secure the rotor shaft with a suitable tool.
- 2. Pull out solenoid housing.
- 3. Pull the rotor shaft from the starter motor support.
- 4. Unscrew the bracket for the positive contact.
- 5. Press out the rubber grommet.
- 6. Extract the positive contact by pulling it inwards through the plastic ring.

#### NOTE

If necessary, unscrew the rubber seal and the ground pole from the starter support and clean them.

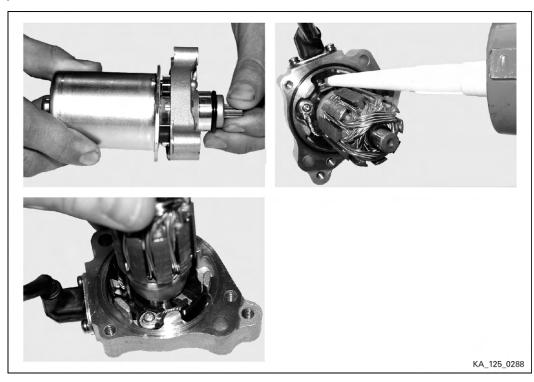


Figure 7.16: Electric starter disassembly

### ASSEMBLING OF ELECTRIC STARTER

### Instructions NOTE

The brushes must contact the slip ring correctly.

- 1. Inspect the carbon brushes and replace if necessary with new parts (ROTAX® part no. 281262).
- 2. Insert the plastic ring in the starter motor support so that it does not rotate.
- 3. Insert the positive contact from inside through the plastic ring and the cutout in the starter motor support.

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- 4. Secure the plastic ring with two Phillips head screws and washers. The fixing provides the ground contact.
- 5. Install the rubber grommet over the positive contact.
- 6. Secure the bracket on the starter motor support.
- 7. Insert the coil springs in the cutouts of the plastic ring, press the brushes against them.
- 8. Carefully insert the rotor shaft.
- 9. Fill the starter motor support with LOCTITE 5910 in the region of the positive. This protects the fragile carbon brushes from vibration.
- 10. Insert the O-ring into the starter motor support.
- 11. Hold the rotor shaft with a suitable tool and secure the solenoid housing on the starter motor support.

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### INSTALLATION OF CLUTCH AND STARTER GEAR ASSY.

General

Follow the sequence exactly. The starter reduction gear assy. cannot be installed after insertion of the starter gear assy.

### INSTALLATION OF THE STARTER REDUCTION GEAR ASSY.

Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
897330	Lithium-based grease	Starter drive

#### Instruction

See Figure: Starter reduction gear assy.

- 1. Lubricate starter reduction gear assy. (1) with lithium-based grease in the area of the two bearing seats and the two gears.
- 2. Slide the thrust washer 8.1/150.5 (2) and starter reduction gear assy. (1) into the bearing seat in the housing together.

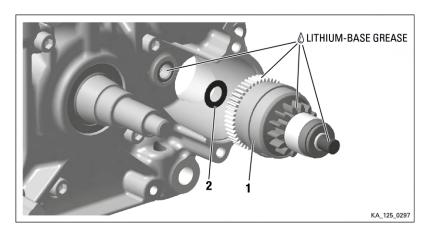


Figure 7.17: Starter reduction gear assy.

1 Starter reduction gear

2 Thrust washer

### INSTALLATION OF THE STARTER GEAR ASSY.

Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
277381	Locking tool (crankshaft)	Spark plug thread
676205	Fixation tool assy.	Starter gear assy.
899788	LOCTITE 648	Starter gear assy.
897651	LOCTITE 243	Starter drive

Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

### Instructions

1. Preferred version 1: screw in fixation tool for crankshaft (1) into the spark plug thread till the end stop.

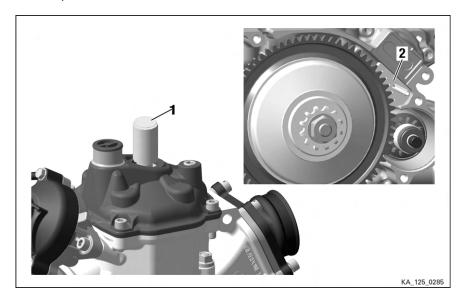


Figure 7.18: Fixation tools

1 Fixation tool (crankshaft)

2 Fixation tool (starter gear)

\_\_\_\_\_\_

- 2. Version 2: insert fixation tool assy. (3) into the starter gear assy. (1).
- 3. Lubricate taper of starter gear assy. (1) with LOCTITE 648.
- 4. Install starter gear assy. (1) onto crankshaft and tighten with hex. nut M28x1 SW 30 H=4.6 (2). Tightening torque 120 Nm (89 ft. lb).
- 5. Wipe away the surplus LOCTITE.
- 6. Install the clutch (4) with 3 Allen screws M6x12 (5) and secure with LOCTITE 648. Tightening torque 17 Nm (150 in. lb).

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Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

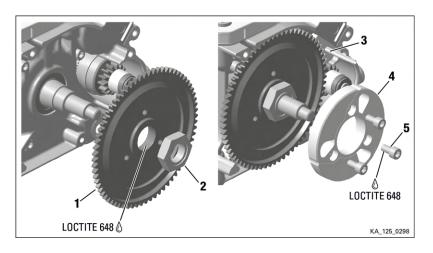


Figure 7.19: Starter gear assy.

- 1 Starter gear assy.
- 3 Fixation tool (starter gear)
- 5 Allen screw M6x12

- 2 Hex. nut M28x1
- 4 Clutch

# ASSEMBLY OF THE CLUTCH DRUM INSTALLATION OF THE SPROCKET

### **Special tools**

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
944231	Locating/locking device	Clutch drum
277362	Locating/locking device	Clutch drum
899788	LOCTITE 648	Hex. nut

### Instruction

See Figure: Fixation tool

- 1. Fix fixation tool for sprocket (1) in a vise.
- 2. Remove LOCTITE residue from the clutch drum (4) and the hex. nut (5).
- 3. Position clutch drum (4) on the sprocket (2) with needle pin (3).
- 4. Tighten hex. nut (5) and secure with LOCTITE 648. Tightening torque 100 Nm (74 ft.lb).

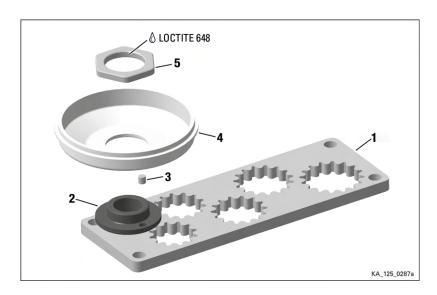


Figure 7.20: Fixation tool

- 1 Fixation tool
- 3 Needle pin
- 5 Hex. nut.

- 2 Sprocket
- 4 Clutch drum

# **INSTALLATION OF BEARING SLEEVE (FOR SPROCKETS WITH 11 TEETH ONLY)**

# **Special tools**

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
676040	Installation tool	Sprocket

### Instruction

See Figure: Installation of bearing sleeve

1. Put the new bearing sleeve (1) with the beveled edge (2) down onto the clutch drum with sprocket (11 teeth) and press with installation tool (part no. 676040) until end stop.

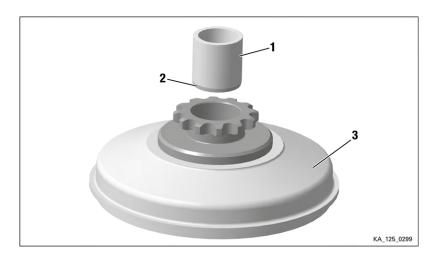


Figure 7.21: Installation of bearing sleeve

1 Bearing sleeve

2 Beveled edge

3 Clutch drum

# INSTALLATION OF THE CLUTCH DRUM

# Safety

# ⚠ WARNING Risk of fatal injury! The engine must not be started without a clutch drum.

# Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
897651	LOCTITE 243	Crankshaft thread
897330	Lithium-based grease	Running areas

#### Instruction

- 1. Lubricate crankshaft with lithium based grease in the running area of the needle cage (4).
- 2. Position thrust washer 15.2 (6) and O-ring (5) on the crankshaft.
- 3. Lubricate the needle cage (4) with lithium based grease and position on crankshaft.
- 4. Slide clutch drum (3) onto the crankshaft.
- Lubricate the crankshaft with LOCTITE 243 in the thread area of the hex. nut.
- Tighten hex. nut (1) with thrust washer (2) (machined side towards the clutch drum). Tightening torque 35 Nm (26 ft.lb).

Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

7. Remove fixation tools for crankshaft and/or the starter gear assy.

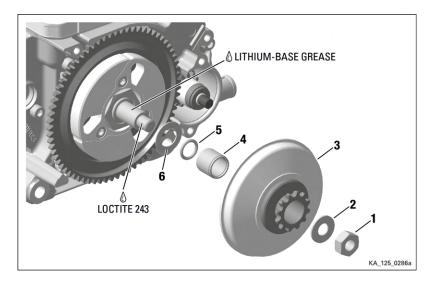


Figure 7.22: Clutch drum

- 1 Hex. nut
- 3 Clutch drum with sprocket
- 5 O-ring

- 2 Thrust washer
- 4 Needle cage
- 6 Thrust washer 15.2

- 8. Lubricate starter reduction gear assy. in the area shown in the following figure.
- 9. Install chain protection with 3 Allen screws M6x25. Tightening torque 5 Nm (44 in. lb).
- 10. Install spark plug. Tightening torque 24 Nm (18 ft. lb).

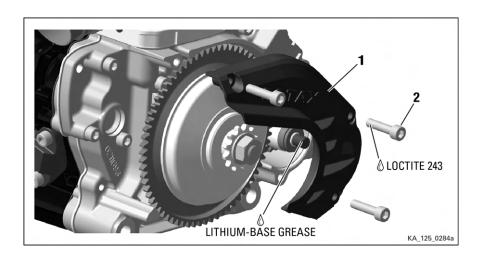


Figure 7.23: Chain protection

1 Chain protection

2 Allen screw M6x25

# **INSTALLATION OF THE ELECTRIC STARTER**

#### Instructions

1. Lubricate O-ring (2) on the center of the electric starter (1).

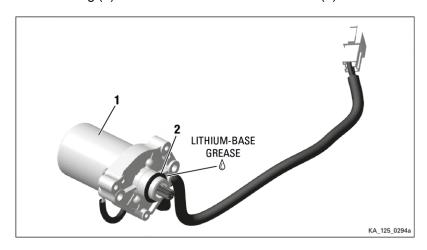


Figure 7.24

1 Electric starter 2 O-ring

2. Install starter support (2) with electric starter (1) using 2 Allen screws M6x35 (5). Tightening torque 10 Nm (89 in. lb).

Effectivity: 125 MAX evo, Junior MAX evo, Mini MAX evo, Micro MAX evo

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# **NOTE**

Push the electric starter (1) into the centering of the housing (3) by rotating it back and forth until the teeth of the electric starter are meshed with the teeth of the starter reduction gear assy.

### **NOTE**

Do not forget to put on the ground cable (6).

3. Tighten Allen screw M6x30 (4) on the opposite side of the electric starter (1). Tightening torque 10 Nm (89 in. lb).

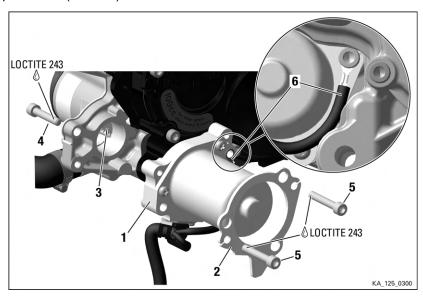


Figure 7.25

- 1 Electric starter
- 3 Centering of housing
- 5 Allen screw M6x35

- 2 Starter support
- 4 Allen screw M6x30
- Ground cable

# FILLING GEARBOX WITH OIL

General NOTE

Take a measuring cup and fill with 100 ml of XPS® KART TEC GEAR OIL

**Special tools** 

The following special tools/equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
25473	XPS® KART TEC GEAR OIL	Gearbox

Instructions

See Figure: Adding oil

- 1. Remove air vent screw (1).
- 2. Add the specified volume of gear oil (100 ml) through the filling hole (2) in the housing.
- 3. Use sealing rings A6x10 for the Allen screws (3 = oil drain plug).
- 4. Screw in the vent screw (1) hand-tight.



Figure 7.26: Adding oil

1 Air vent screw

2 Filling hole

3 Oil drain plug

**NOTES** 

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# **Chapter: Chapter 8 COOLING SYSTEM**

# **TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER**

System description	2
Removal of radiator	
Removal of the cooling water hose	
Inspection of cooling system	ε
Radiator – inspection of components	
Installing the radiator	
Installation of the cooling water hoses	7
Installation of the radiator on engine	8
Final tasks	10

### **Contents**

This chapter describes the removal and installation of the cooling system for the ROTAX® 125 MAX evo (incl. Junior-, Mini-, Micro MAX evo) engine. The description is broken down into subsections.

# **SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

### Overview

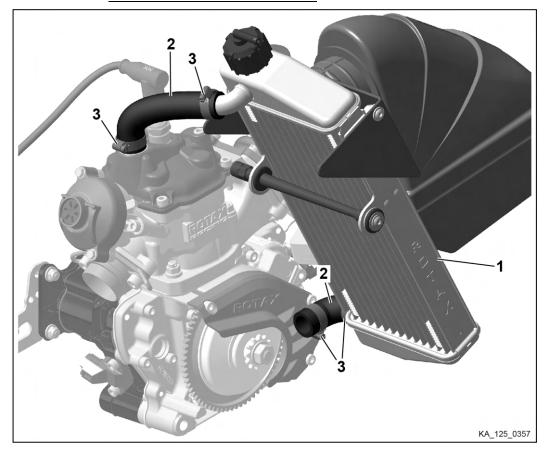


Figure 8.1: Radiator

- 1 Radiator
- 3 Hose clamp.

2 Cooling water hose

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Page 2

### Overview

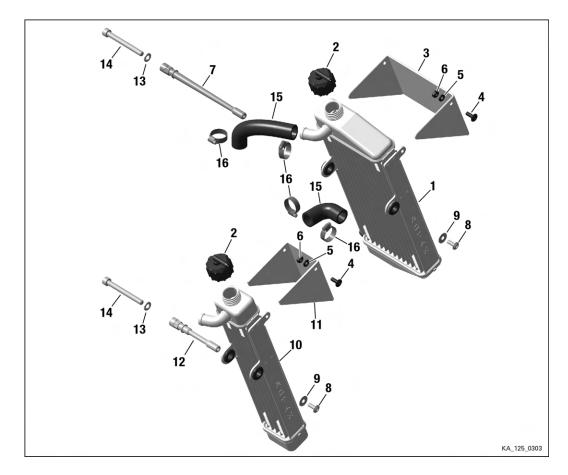


Figure 8.2: Water pump

- Radiator (Max evo, Junior evo, Mini
- 3 Windshield (Max evo, Junior evo, Mini evo)
- 5 Washer 6.4
- 7 Radiator bracket (Max evo, Junior evo, Mini evo)
- 9 Washer 6.2
- 11 Windshield (Micro evo)
- 13 Lock washer A8
- 15 Cooling water hose NW 18

- 2 Radiator cap with gasket
- Allen screw M6x16 with rounded flange head
- 6 Lock nut M6
- 8 Allen screw M6x20 with rounded flange head
- 10 Radiator (Micro evo, Mini evo)
- 12 Radiator bracket (Micro evo)
- 14 Allen screw M8x75
- 16 Clamp 16-25

# **REMOVAL OF RADIATOR**

# Safety instructions

#### **△ WARNING**

Danger of severe burns and scalds! Always allow the engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting any work.

### **Preparation**

The following preparations should be carried out before removing the components:

1. Open the radiator cap.

### REMOVAL OF THE COOLING WATER HOSE

General NOTE

Collect the coolant in a suitable vessel

**Instructions** See Figure: Cooling water hoses

- 1. Loosen the engine side of the hose clamps (2) of the cooling water hoses (1).
- 2. Pull off the radiator with cooling water hose from the bottom 90° elbow and drain coolant.
- 3. Pull of cooling water hose at the cylinder head cover. Unscrew the hose clamp and pull the cooling water hose from the port.
- 4. Loosen Allen screw M8x75 (3) with lock washer (4) and remove water radiator with radiator bracket from the engine.

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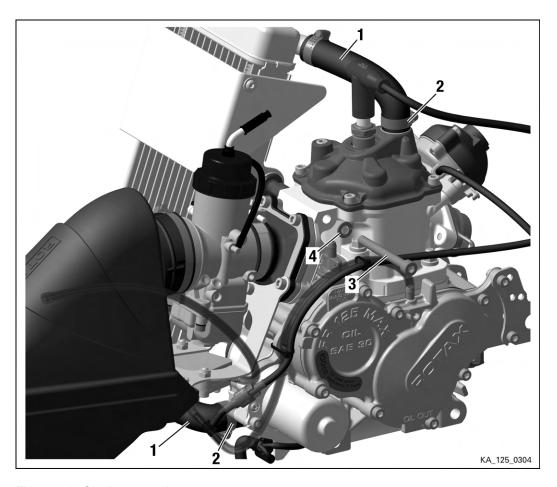


Figure 8.3: Cooling water hoses

- 1 Hoses
- 3 Allen screw M8x75

- 2 Hose clamps
- 4 Lock washer A8

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# INSPECTION OF COOLING SYSTEM

# **RADIATOR - INSPECTION OF COMPONENTS**

**Instruction** See Figure: Radiator.

### **NOTE**

If some of the cooling fins are slightly bent, they may be gently bent back into shape.

- 1. Use compressed air to remove dirt from the cooling fins of the radiator. Never use a high-pressure cleaner.
- 2. Visual check of the radiator assy. for any cracks or other damage.
- 3. Check that the radiator cap gasket is in perfect condition.
- 4. Check the cooling water hoses for porosity and leakage.
- 5. Check the radiator's windshield for cracks and damage (visual check).
- 6. Check the rubber grommets for wear and cracks.

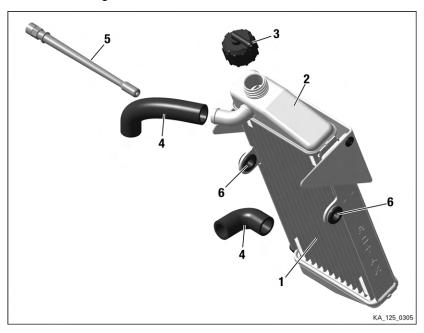


Figure 8.4: Radiator, typical

- 1 Cooling fins
- 3 Radiator cap
- 5 Radiator bracket

- 2 Radiator
- 4 Cooling water hose
- 6 Rubber grommet

# **INSTALLING THE RADIATOR**

# **INSTALLATION OF THE COOLING WATER HOSES**

### **Preparation**

1. Mount radiator bracket (5) on radiator through the holes with rubber grommets and tighten with Allen srew M6x20 and washer 6.2.

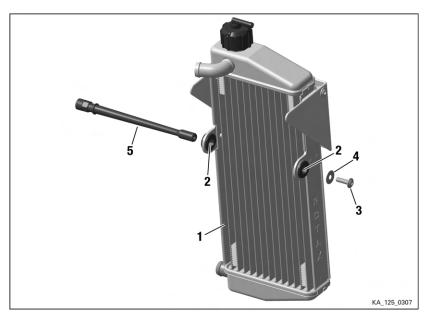


Figure 8.5: Preparation for radiator installation

- 1 Radiator 2 Rubber grommet
- Allen screw M6x20 with rounded flange head
- 5 Radiator bracket

4 Washer 6.2

-----

2. Fit the cooling water hoses (1) to the radiator connection (2) and align with the port on the engine, then tighten the hose clamps (3) to make it watertight.

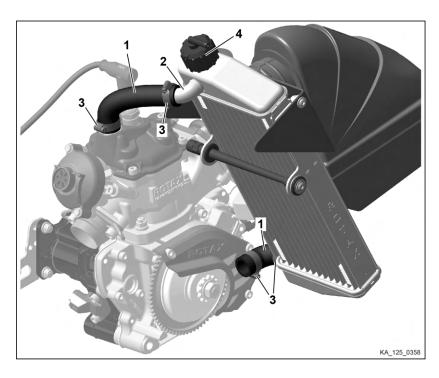


Figure 8.6: Installation of cooling water hoses

- 1 Cooling water hoses
- 3 Hose clamps

- Radiator connection
- Radiator cap

# INSTALLATION OF THE RADIATOR ON ENGINE

Instructions See Figure: Installation of the radiator on engine

> 1. Install radiator with pre-mounted radiator bracket (3) on engine an tighten with Allen screw M8x75 (2) and Lock washer A8 (1). Tightening torque 24 Nm (18 ft. lb).

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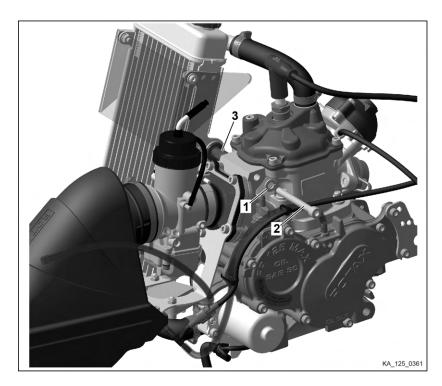


Figure 8.7: Installation of the radiator on engine

1 Lock washer A8

2 Allen screw M8x75

3 Radiator with radiator bracket

# **FINAL TASKS**

#### Instructions

- 1. Using a funnel, pour the specified amount of coolant into the filling opening of the radiator.
- 2. Close the radiator cap.
- 3. Check that the cooling system is leak-free by warming up the engine.
- 4. Add some more coolant if necessary.

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# **Chapter: Chapter 9 EXHAUST SYSTEM**

# **TOPICS IN THIS CHAPTER**

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Disassembling the exhaust system	
Assembling the exhaust system	
Installation of the exhaust system	6
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Removing the engine from the trestle mounting plate	7
Installation of the engine on kart chassis	
Installation of the fuel line	
Installation of the bowden cable	
Installation of the ignition system	8
Installation of the exhaust system	

### **Contents**

This chapter describes the removal and installation of the exhaust system module of the ROTAX® 125 MAX evo (incl. Junior-, Mini-, Micro MAX evo) engine. The description is divided into sections.

# **SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

#### Overview

Position on the engine

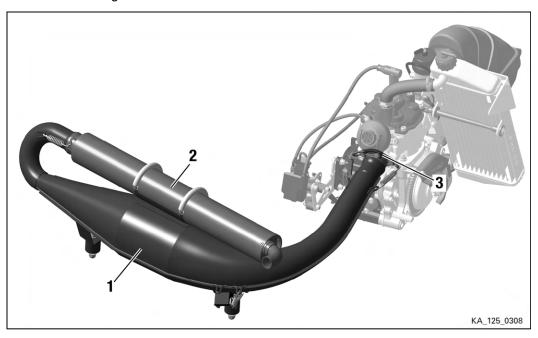


Figure 9.1

- 1 Exhaust muffler assy.
- 3 Exhaust socket assy.

2 Silencer assy.

# Overview

# Exhaust system

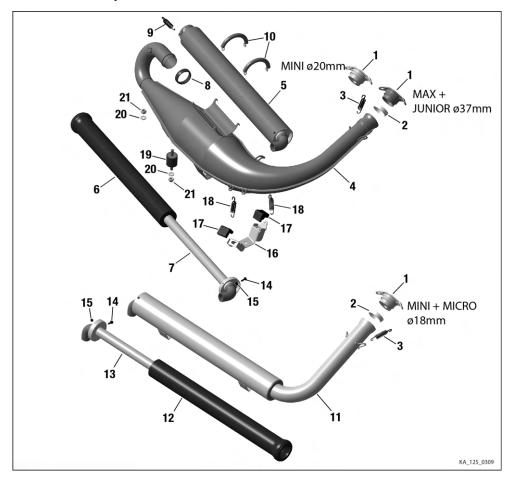


Figure 9.2

1	Exhaust socket assy.	2	Exhaust gasket	3	Spring stainless
4	Exhaust muffler assy.	5	Silencer assy.	6	Isolating mat
7	Perforated tube assy.	8	Exhaust gasket	9	Spring stainless
10	Tension springs	11	Silencer assy. MICRO	12	Isolating mat, MICRO
13	Perforated tube assy. MICRO	14	Washer 8.4 stain- less, MICRO	15	Lock nut M8, MICRO
16	Retaining plate	17	Rubber buffer	18	Spring stainless
19	Rubber buffer	20	Washer 8.4 stainless	21	Lock nut M8

# REMOVAL OF THE EXHAUST SYSTEM

# Safety instructions

### **⚠ WARNING**

Danger of severe burns and scalds! Always allow the engine to cool down to ambient temperature before starting any work.

### Special tools

The following special tools and equipment are required:

Part no.	Description	Field of application
251680	Spring hook	Tension spring

#### Instruction

Proceeds follows to dismantle the exhaust system:

- 1. Disconnect tension springs (3) with spring hooks from the exhaust socket (2).
- 2. Loosen the nuts M8 with washer on the rubber buffer and remove the exhaust system.
- 3. Take care about the exhaust gasket between exhaust socket and exhaust, replace if worn out.

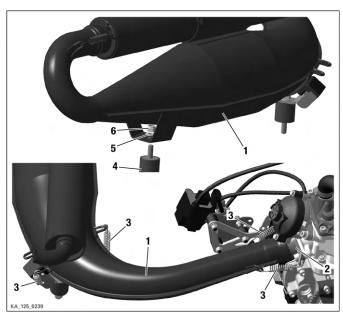


Figure 9.3

- 1 Exhaust muffler assy.
- 3 Spring
- 5 Washer 8.4

- 2 Exhaust socket assy.
- 4 Rubber buffer 30x30xM8
- 6 Lock nut M8

# **CHECKING THE EXHAUST SYSTEM**

#### **NOTICE**

#### A worn isolating mat has a major engine damage as result!

#### Instructions

See Figure

- 1. Check exhaust system for cracks, bending or other damages. Replace if necessary.
- 2. Clean the ball socket of combustion residue and inspect for wear.
- 3. Check that the cover rivets are tightly seated.
- 4. Check exhaust gasket for cracks and inspect for wear. Replace if necessary.
- 5. Check rubber buffer for cracks and inspect for wear. Replace if necessary.
- 6. Check the retaining plate for cracks and inspect for wear.

### DISASSEMBLING THE EXHAUST SYSTEM

#### General

NOTE

If the exhaust system noise increases, then the silencer baffle mat should be replaced.

### Instructions

See Figure: Exhaust system.

- 1. Disassembly the exhaust muffler assy. and the silencer assy. Using the exhaust springs tool (part no .251680), remove exhaust springs. Remove the exhaust gasket.
- 2. Remove hex. collar screw M4x12 with lock nut from the silencer assy.
- 3. Remove old isolating mat.

#### ASSEMBLING THE EXHAUST SYSTEM

#### Instructions

See Figure: Exhaust system.

- 1. Roll up new isolating mat (3) on the inside silencer assy. (2).
- 2. Put both into the exhaust system.
- 3. Install cover with Allen screw M4x12 (6) and new lock nut M4 (5).
- 4. Install a new exhaust gasket (7).
- 5. Make sure front exhaust pipe end is properly aligned inside ball socket. Install 3 exhaust spring (8)

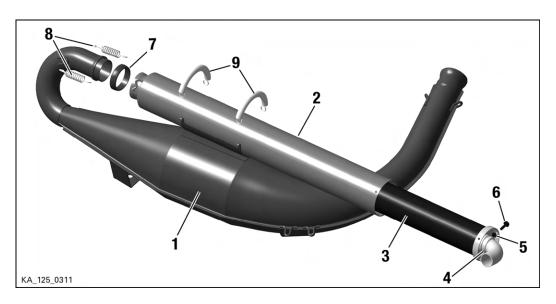


Figure 9.4: Exhaust system

- 1 Exhaust muffler assy.
- 3 Isolating mat
- 5 Lock nut M4
- 7 Exhaust gasket
- 9 Tension spring

- 2 Silencer assy.
- 4 Perforated tube assy.
- 6 Allen screw M4x12
- 8 Spring stainless

# **INSTALLATION OF THE EXHAUST SYSTEM**

Instructions

For installation of the exhaust system, see latest Installation Manual for the engine type 125 MAX evo.

# PREPARATION FOR INSTALLATION

# Safety instructions

#### **NOTICE**

### All parts must always be clean and in good condition.

Clean and inspect disassembled parts and assemble them in accordance with the instructions. Inspect surfaces, bores and threads for damage.

### REMOVING THE ENGINE FROM THE TRESTLE MOUNTING PLATE

#### Instructions

Proceed as follows to remove the engine from the trestle mounting plate:

The engine is removed in reverse order of positioning.
 See also Chapter Positioning the engine on the trestle mounting plate.

# INSTALLATION OF THE ENGINE ON KART CHASSIS

Safety instructions

### **△ WARNING**

### Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

Before installing the engine on the chassis the Installation and Operators Manual for the engine and the installation instructions of the chassis manufacturer must be read and understood.

For the Installation of the engine on kart chassis, see latest current Installation and Operators Manual of the engine type 125 MAX.

### INSTALLATION OF THE FUEL LINE

Safety instructions

#### **⚠ WARNING**

# Non-compliance can result in serious injuries or death!

When handling with fuel, do not smoke or allow open flames. Gasoline and gasoline vapor are highly flammable and explosive under certain conditions.

#### **⚠ WARNING**

### Risk of fire and explosion!

Make sure that fuel will not splash onto hot engine components or equipment. Always wipe off any fuel spillage from the vehicle.

#### **Instructions** Proceed as follows to install the fuel line:

The installation of the fuel line is identical to the removal, but in reverse order.
 See also

# INSTALLATION OF THE BOWDEN CABLE

### **Instructions** Proceed as follows to install the bowden cable:

1. The installation of the bowden cable is identical to the removal, but in reverse order. See also Removal of the Bowden cable

# **INSTALLATION OF THE IGNITION SYSTEM**

**General** See Figure: Ignition unit.

#### **NOTE**

On the sand-cast model the pick up for the ignition unit is fastened to the housing with 2 M6x16 cyl. screws. On the die-cast model the pick up for the ignition unit is fastened to the housing with 2 M6x16 TAPTITE screws (= self-tapping screw).

#### NOTE

If the two TAPTITE screws are installed in a previously used housing, make sure that the screws are correctly positioned in the previously tapped threads in the housing.

### Instructions

Proceed as follows to install the ignition system:

- 1. Position the pick up on the housing with the wiring harness terminal pointing in the direction of the gearbox.
- 2. Fasten the pick up for the ignition system with the two cyl. screws or TAPTITE screws to the specified tightening torque of 10 Nm (90 in.lb).

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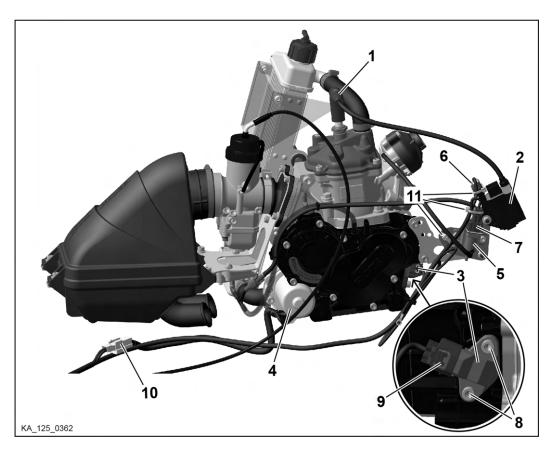


Figure 9.5: Ignition unit

- 1 Spark plug connector
- 3 Crankshaft positioning sensor (CPS)
- 5 Solenoid valve
- 7 Solenoid connector
- 9 CPS connector
- 11 Cable tie

- 2 Ignition coil
- 4 Electric starter
- 6 Connector ignition coil
- 8 Allen screw M6x25
- 10 Starter connector

# **INSTALLATION OF THE EXHAUST SYSTEM**

Instructions

For installation of the exhaust system, see latest Installation Manual for the engine type 125 MAX evo.

**NOTES** 

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